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OLD SERIES—VOL. LXII—NO 3,909

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1897.

NEW SERIES—VOL. XIV—NO. 759

State Librarian

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Beaver Creek and Bluff Mills,
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Manufacturers of "Lake George" AA 44 Sheeting, Cotton Yarn.

Cumberland Criminal Court.

OFFICE CLERK SUPERIOR COURT,
CUMBERLAND COUNTY, N. C.

By order of the Hon. Thomas H. Sutton, Judge, notice is hereby given that a Special Term of the Criminal Court of Cumberland County will convene on Monday, the 27th day of December, 1897, at the Court House in Fayetteville, at 11 o'clock a. m.

CYRUS MURPHY, C. S. C.,
Oct 12, 1897 Ex-officio C. C. C.

Commissioners' Sale of Land.

By virtue of an order of the Superior Court of Cumberland County, N. C., we, as Commissioners, will offer for sale by public auction, for cash, at the Market House in Fayetteville, on Thursday, Nov. 11, 1897, at 12 o'clock a. m., all the lands of the estate of A. A. McKethan, Sr., not heretofore sold, viz.

1st. The Still Lot in Campbellton.
2nd. 50 acres in Rockfish township, adjoining Blocker and Orrell.
3rd. 100 acres in Rockfish township, known as Pearce Land.
4th. 67 acres in Flea Hill township, known as Murphy Land.
5th. 18 acres in Flea Hill township, known as Entered Land.
6th. 90 acres in Flea Hill township, known as Lilly Land.
7th. 1,000 acres more or less in Cumberland and Harnett Counties, near China Grove church, known as "The McNeill Land."
8th. An undivided interest (1-6) in the lands on McPherson's creek in 71st township Cumberland County, say about 3,000 acres, known as "McKellar Land," and perhaps other tracts.

C. W. BROADFOOT,
N. W. RAY,
Oct 12, 1897 Commissioners.

Commissioners Land Sale.

By virtue of an order of the Superior Court, of Cumberland County, made at May term 1897, we will, on MONDAY, NOVEMBER 15th, 1897, at 12 o'clock M., at the Court House door of said county, sell to the highest bidder for cash, the following land, to wit: "An undivided 31-700 of a 700 acre tract deeded to M. J. C. McLeod by M. McLeod, 13th June 1890, beginning at a stake on the East bank of Mountain Creek, and runs thence S 36 E 24 chs to a stake in Lumber River Swamp, thence N 54 E 15 chs to the edge of said Swamp, thence S 60 E 20 chs to the run of Little Creek, thence up the run of said Creek 93 chs and 50 links, thence N 15 chains, thence W 21 chs, thence N 8 chs, thence W 31 chs and 63 links, thence N 16 chs and 81 links, thence W about 30 chs and 37 links, thence N 26 E 42 chs, thence S 54 W 68 chs, thence S 36 E 20 chs, thence N 54 E to the run of Mountain Creek, and then the various courses of said stream to the beginning, estimated to contain 700 acres more or less." The said land being located in Quewhiffle Township, Cumberland County.

N. W. RAY,
H. L. COOK,
October, 15, '97. Commissioners.

Papers For Sale.

Old papers for sale at the OBSERVER OFFICE at 15 cents per hundred.

THE SITUATION IN NEW YORK.

The partisans of each of the four candidates for the New York mayoralty express themselves as confident of victory for their man. We shall know the result in a few days.

It is a matter of sincere regret to all Democrats that Tammany's course has prevented their endorsement of an organization which has suffered so much in the past in behalf of the party. The regret is all the more because so many of us would delight to see honors come upon Judge Van Wyck.

We reprint elsewhere an article from the Raleigh News and Observer giving the views of Senator Pugh, of Alabama. On the other hand, Congressman Amos J. Cummings, who was the Congressional correspondent of the goldbug organs in this State, is reported as saying that Tammany would work in the next convention against Bryan. And still again, it is asserted by pretty nearly all the Republican and mugwump papers that the election of either George or Van Wyck would be an endorsement of Bryan and the Chicago platform.

Col. Carr to Start Another Mill.

Wool and Cotton Reporter.]

About the first of January next, perhaps earlier, a new cotton mill will begin construction at Durham, N. C. It is to be a mule spinning mill, of about 10,000 spindles capacity, and will be established by a company of local capitalists and business men, of which Mr. Julian S. Carr, the smoking tobacco manufacturer millionaire, is the head. Mr. Carr has been North during the past month, and has spent some of his time in Providence—a social visit, but while in New England examined some mill machinery with a view to making selections when the time comes. It is understood that he has not yet placed his orders, however.

The New York Fight From a Silver Man's Point of View.

Raleigh News and Observer.

When Henry George was nominated for mayor, his supporters put the necessity for his nomination on the broad ground that Tammany had repudiated Democracy, and that devotion to the Chicago platform required a candidate for mayor of Greater New York standing on that platform. Since the nomination, Mr. George is on a ticket with gold men, says he does not believe in the free coinage of silver, and has otherwise weakened his position. Senator Pugh, of Alabama, who has been in New York several weeks, has written a letter to a friend in which he sums up the situation of New York from the standpoint of a silver Democrat, saying:

"* * * I have been studying New York politics and parties. I am Tammany all over, and for Van Wyck. * * * I am for organized parties. Ours is a people's government and the people govern by parties. There are but two parties—Democratic and Republican. Tammany and Van Wyck represent organized Democracy; Tracy, organized Republicanism. Henry George repudiates free coinage as a remedy; in finance he is a fiat paper money dreamer and theorist; in taxation, he is for direct ownership of all real estate and revenue for the support of all government from rental of real estate by the government. Tammany will elect the mayor and no attempt will be made by it in 1898 or 1900 to oppose Mr. Bryan or the Chicago platform. Every supporter of Van Wyck knows that the next Democratic convention will be for free coinage and Mr. Bryan. Every State in the Union in its convention next year will support the Chicago platform and indorse Mr. Bryan. I wanted Tammany to do so this time, but its failing to do so will not drive me from Van Wyck, who is a better silver man than Henry George. The day before Van Wyck was nominated he published a letter, in which he indorsed the Chicago platform and supported Bryan with all his power. George indorses the action of the Chicago convention with a qualification; which means that he is in different about free coinage and really believes that the only solution of our troubles is in fiat greenbacks and the single tax."

HISTORY REPEATING ITSELF.

Jefferson's Administration, (1801-9.)

Correspondence Kinston Free Press.]

"The bitterness of party spirit, which had now raged in the United States for some years, began to have visible effect upon society. It interrupted, to no small extent, the general harmony, and even restrained the intercourse of friends and neighborhoods. The strife for power, also introduced a disposition to intrigue; political cunning became fashionable, and political duplicity lost much of its deformity. These things necessarily affected the state of manners. They withdrew the finger of derision, which used to point at meanness of all kinds and blunted that love of honor, and manliness of conduct which existed before. Cunning began to take the place of wisdom; professions answered instead of deeds; and duplicity stalked forth with the boldness of integrity."

An Open Republican, Every Time, Before a Sneaking One.

Statesville Mascot.]

The Charlotte Observer finds fault with Associate Justice Field because he did not retire before Cleveland's term as President expired, so that Cleveland could have appointed his successor. We believe that loyal Democrats are pleased to have things as they are. Had the power been placed in Cleveland's hands, he would doubtless have appointed one of those fellows who proved traitors to the party last year and voted for McKinley or Palmer. Give us an open and known Republican like Attorney General McKenna rather than the so-called Democrat who believes in Republican principles and is not honest enough to openly join that party.

The 10 Per Cent Tax at Chicago.

Asheboro Courier.

Under the above head the Richmond Times quotes from the recent State platform of the Virginia Democratic Convention the clause demanding the repeal of the ten per cent. tax on State banks and says that it is a well known fact that the Chicago convention absolutely refused to incorporate in its platform a clause demanding the repeal of the ten per cent tax. The Times then goes on to say that the Virginia platform occupies the unique position of endorsing as a whole the Chicago platform and yet contains a plank which repudiates one of the principal planks of the Chicago convention. The Times is entirely mistaken about the Chicago platform opposing the repeal of the ten per cent tax on State banks. When the committee was considering whether to insert the clause demanding the repeal of the ten per cent tax on the issue of State banks, Maj. Hale, the member of the committee from North Carolina, urged the committee to insert the clause demanding its repeal and while no one opposed it, yet upon the advice of such men as Senator George, it was left out for the reason merely that the principal issue of the campaign should be the silver plank. The advice of such men as Senator George prevailed, and Mr. Hale and others yielded, not because any one opposed the repeal of the law, but merely for the purpose of making the silver issue the more prominent issue of the campaign. As the Times is such an ardent advocate of the repeal of this tax, and rightly so, as we believe, it might be of interest to the Times to know that Mr. Altgeld, whose political opinions the Times so much opposes was, if we remember correctly, an ardent advocate of incorporating the provision in the Chicago platform.

[Editor Hammer of the Courier, an able Randolph lawyer, was an influential member of the North Carolina delegation to Chicago.—OBSERVER.]

Carlisle.

Atlanta Constitution.

While lovers of liberty the world over are congratulating the brilliant stroke of the New York Journal in releasing Evangelina Cisneros from the Cuban dungeon into which she was thrown by Weyler, there is one croak which is not without peculiar significance. It comes from John G. Carlisle, secretary of the treasury of the late Cleveland administration.

The Journal sent telegrams to prominent Americans throughout the country asking for an expression of opinion concerning this remarkable exhibition of journalistic enterprise. From all sides words of praise were received. United States senators and members of congress, without regard to politics; distinguished ministers of the gospel, Catholics and Protestants; governors, scientists, men prominent in the professions and leading women, all joined in congratulation at the liberation of Miss Cisneros, and in crediting Mr. Hearst's enterprising newspaper with the most brilliant journalistic stroke of the decade.

But Carlisle marred the melody of the joyful refrain. Carlisle, who was once a southerner; Carlisle, who was once a democrat, but who, since the time of his betrayal of the government when he entered into the infamous midnight bond deals to put additional burdens on the shoulders of the people, has been better known as Carlisle, the renegade—this same Carlisle thinks that the rescue of Miss Cisneros "by the representatives of The Journal takes on a graver aspect than the majority of people will imagine." He sees international complications ahead, and adds: "Should Spain see fit to demand from this country the return of her prisoner of war, liberated without authority by an American citizen, we must, in honor, comply with such demand."

Elihu Root, the distinguished lawyer of New York, well says of the "international complication" spook: "The United States is not affected in its relations with the friendly power of Spain by the rescue of Miss Cisneros. The lady was not a prisoner of war; because it is not conceded, even by Spain herself, that there is a war in Cuba."

In commenting upon the release of Miss Cisneros, The Journal says:

"The Journal knows verry well that the whole proceeding is lawlessly out of tune with the prosaic and commercial nineteenth century. We shall not be surprised at international complications, nor at solemn and rebuking assurances that the age of knight errantry is past. To that it can be answered that if innocent maidens are still imprisoned by tyrants, the knight errant is yet needed. The Journal is boundlessly glad that it has rescued Evangelina Cisneros from the unspeakable Weyler's hands, Spanish law or no Spanish law, and the comity of nations to the contrary notwithstanding. The Journal is ready to stand all the consequences of what it has done. The main thing is that the wronged and suffering girl is out of the Caso Recolidas, out of Cuba, out of Wevler's grasp, and safe under the stars and stripes. The freedom which the Journal has conferred will not be taken away, for we are confident that, whatever else may happen, the American people will see to it that Evangelina Cisneros shall not be delivered up to Spain."

This is not the first time that this same John G. Carlisle has caused the south to blush for his being credited to it, but in this instance there is consolation in the fact that his opinion is repudiated, north, east and west, as well as by the south.

Possibly Mr. Carlisle has been engaged as a special attorney for Spain.

[The Constitution overlooks the fact that the South contains another Carlisle in the Charlotte Observer, published in North Carolina. It stands on all fours with Carlisle, regarding him and Mr. Cleveland, we believe, as the best of Americans and showing its devotion to his views so completely that its leading editorial, the other day, demanded the extradition of the Cuban girl and her return to Weyler.]

"Where Are We At?"

Atlanta Constitution.]

During the campaign last year, the most distinct pledges were given by everybody connected with the republican party that if the people would elect McKinley and place the republican party in power, confidence would be restored, prosperity would return and everything would go on swimmingly.

The republicans declared that there was a lack of confidence abroad, and that as soon as Mr. McKinley was installed, foreign capital would begin to flow in this direction. How has this pledge been fulfilled? During the less than eight months of Mr. McKinley's administration more foreign capital has been withdrawn from investment in American securities than the whole of our immense wheat crop amounts to! If this is a record to be proud of Mr. McKinley and his party should be filled with pride today.

Most wonderful to relate, too, the only note or sign of prosperity that the country has witnessed has resulted from a cause which the republicans denounced most bitterly during the campaign, namely, the cheapening of the dollar, the depreciation of the currency. For a time we have had a 50 cent dollar as compared with wheat and wool, and the outcome of this depreciation has been so stimulating that even the "sound money" men have been compelled to approve and applaud it.

We are led to make these remarks by the gloomy views of Mr. Pierre Lorillard, the millionaire snuff maker who, for two years, has been hobnobbing with the princes and potentates of Europe. Mr. Lorillard informed an Associated Press reporter before leaving England for America that European capitalists have so utterly lost confidence in the United States that they cannot be persuaded to invest a cent in the railroads and other business interests in this country, and have withdrawn all their investments except from such industries as breweries.

Mr. Lorillard thinks he has discovered the secret of this lack of confidence. "If it were not for the socialistic forces," he says, "the United States would command millions of money now idle in Europe." It is funny to hear a snuff maker complaining about "socialistic forces," but that is a matter of taste.

What are these "socialistic forces?" Why simply the common people, the honest masses, the voters, the men who toil and create wealth to be enjoyed by others more fortunate. The only socialism extant in this country to day is the right of the people to choose their own rulers—the right of self government. And it is this power of the common people to govern themselves and the country that alarms Europe and frets the worthy tobacconist who spends so much of his time in Europe.

Mr. Lorillard should know that the issue is now entirely between the single gold standard and bimetallism, and we do not believe there is enough gold in Europe to buy a majority in this country for the gold standard. If Mr. Lorillard will have a little patience he will see how the conservative voters of the country will settle this question.

The McKinley "Democrats."

Rocky Mount Phœnix.

The most obstructive element to good government in the state are the McKinley Democrats who constitute a very small but blatant and obstreperous minority of the Democratic party. While professing allegiance to Bryan and the Chicago platform they secretly rejoiced at the election of McKinley and are in favor of the general policy of the Republican party—the gold standard and a high protective tariff. Arrogant and bigoted, they influenced the Democratic Executive Committee to reject the offer of the Populists to co-operate in the election and thus became the primary cause of returning a gold standard senator to congress. The proper place for McKinley Democrats and Minority Populists is within the folds of the Republican party. By remaining within the ranks of the parties opposing the gold standard and government by injunction and monopolies, they exert a malign and sinister influence on all movements and efforts towards progress and reform—to the success of the parties in whose tenets by their actions they apparently profess to believe.

DEATH OF HENRY GEORGE.

News came last night of the sudden death, yesterday, of Henry George, the honest and able but eccentric candidate of the "Jeffersonian Democrats" for mayor of New York.

Interest centres in the effect of this extraordinary occurrence. We think it assures the election of Van Wyck, and this not because a majority of George's followers will go to Van Wyck, but because they will go to the other anti-machine candidate, Low. If Low were second in the race, it would elect him; but Tracy stands in the way.

THE OBSERVER'S TRIUMPH.

The tide still continues to flow the OBSERVER'S way, and in increasing volume. Every Democratic paper that comes to hand swells the OBSERVER'S triumph. All are now crying out to the silver Populists, "Come back home!"

How the OBSERVER was set upon in 1894 by this same Charlotte Observer and its followers for advocating that appeal to the white men who had left the Democratic party! The Cleveland paper had its triumph then; ours comes now. Its policy of running the campaign upon the Cleveland and Ransom basis was adopted, and Democracy's benign rule of twenty years was ended in the overwhelming disaster of that year. Again in the autumn of '95 and the spring of '96, the OBSERVER repeated its appeal; but the Charlotte Observer's policy prevailed. The result was the solidification of the Populists into a compact organization, recognized by the laws of the State as one of its three political parties and possessing a bargaining power by reason of its possession, under the new-made law, of one of every three election officers throughout the State.

Less than three months ago, a little cloud no larger than a man's hand arose in a cry from this same Charlotte Observer, now a bolter from the Democratic organization, for a fight upon a platform excluding the very planks of the Democratic platform upon which the Populists were most anxious to stand. The OBSERVER, the Statesville Mascot and Webster's Weekly saw the danger and flew to the rescue. To-day every loyal Democratic paper in the State is now singing the refrain "No sacrifice of principle, no fuse with Republicans, bolters and negroes," but a welcome to our former white allies and an appeal to "Come back Home!"

The Man who Rescued the Fair Cuban Girl

J. S. C. in Atlanta Journal.]

So "Raoul Duval," the heroic rescuer of Senorita Evangelina Cossio y Cisneros is none other than Karl Decker, an all round good fellow and Washington newspaper man that every Capital scribe is glad to call his friend.

Perhaps it would best suit the sentimental in connection with this mosaic of romance and chivalry, in the material age in which we live, that Evangelina's rescuer should be single. But alas, Mr. Decker is married, and he is glad of it, as he ought to be, for Mrs. D. is a thoroughly charming and delightful woman, and very naturally Karl is devoted to her.

Karl Decker is a handsome, strapping, blonde fellow; broad of shoulders and topping six feet by inches. There is a suggestion of the Teuton in his composition, as evidenced by the pink and white in his cheeks and the curious gold in his hair and rather sweeping mustache.

He is a good-natured big fellow; one of the type that is not anxious to preserve his "dignity" by examples of physical prowess. Still, he is not a man to be trifled with.

There are something over two hundred "foreign" newspaper men in Washington. Naturally enough in such an aggregation there are physical as well as mental bullies.

It was the former type that Decker dealt with two or three years ago. This individual distinguished himself by slapping the face of a fellow worker many years his junior, and quite a hundred pounds lighter than himself.

It aroused the ire of Decker and he denounced the "bully." This soon evoked a challenge and Decker accepted with the understanding that the twain should hire a room at John Chamberlin's and enter it alone and unarmed, save with nature's weapons. The door was to be locked and the key only turned by friends outside at the request of both of the combatants.

The battle raged for more than half an hour, and when the door was finally opened it was found necessary to carry off Decker's opponent in an ambulance. He remained in seclusion for a fortnight and since that epochal incident of his career, is a very much cleveret fellow, not afraid to fight, but nor quite as anxious as formerly.

Miss Cisneros' deliverer was selected because it would be hard to tell after a long acquaintance with him, which he really preferred—a fight or a frolic. He is equally handy at both, and the combination would perhaps best suit him.

When I last saw Decker, not two months ago, he was in a truly ecstatic state. His friend, "Al" Lewis, who is responsible for his connection with the Journal as well as his trips to Cuba, had just brought him word from the golden Mr. Hearst that with an unlimited expense account at his command he was to go once more to Cuba.

Lewis had always had in mind the rescue of this girl for the Journal, but his scheme at that time as he outlined it to me while traveling from Baltimore to Washington, was to invite Mrs. John A. Logan to accompany Decker to Havana, and have her tell the American public the real facts about the girl and her incarceration.

Mrs. Logan evidently wouldn't go, and as it transpires it was lucky for all parties—Miss Cisneros, the Journal and Decker.

It will be gratifying to Southern people to know that Karl Decker is a rebel of rebels. Born and raised in Georgetown, the "disloyal" portion of the national capital, the sympathies and hopes of his parents were with the Confederacy.

He inherited this feeling, and men have slurred the South in his presence to their subsequent sorrow. No one that knows him will regret the enduring fame and the comfortable fortune that he has won. He deserves it all, if character and courage are reckoning factors.

But I cannot restrain a feeling of sadness and regret that he did not have with him in this adventure which was breath to his nostrils, his chum and boon companion, Angus McSween, the canny and delightful, but steely true, Scot, who scintilates daily in the Baltimore Sun and Richmond Times.

Gus's heart was there, but his body was at home, for he is the bread-winner of quite a large family.

Shoomaker's will be a very attractive place when Decker returns to Washington.

No Dickering With the Charlotte Observer and the Other Goldbugs Who Prevented the Election of Cy Watson.

The Laurinburg Exchange admirably says:

"Poor old North Carolina! is the cry that comes from the heart of every man, who has the least sense of decency or state pride. And yet some people want to dicker with those who have brought us to such a shame."

The Penalty of Losing the State in 1898.

Wilmington Star.

The Democrats of North Carolina must be made to realize that if they lose the State again next year and the Republicans carry the country again in 1900, there will be ten negro office holders in this State where there is one now. The negroes of North Carolina cast about three-fourths of the Republican vote of the State, and whatever they may have done heretofore, they are now beginning to properly estimate their power, and, with continued Republican success, will make demands of their white leaders to which the latter will be compelled to yield.

Six Hundred Dollars Reward.

The Governor Thursday issued a proclamation offering $400 reward "for the arrest of the unknown person who, on October 23rd, assaulted with intent to commit rape on Miss Nora Cole, the reward to be paid upon conviction."

The commissioners of Richmond county also offer $200 reward for the capture of the brute.

You can't afford to risk your life by allowing a cold to develop into pneumonia or consumption. Instant relief and a certain cure are afforded by One Minute Cough Cure. KING BROS.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

North Carolina Forest Association.

We have received from J. A. Holmes, State Geologist, the following:

The undersigned with others who are associated with them wish to effect the permanent organization of a North Carolina Forest Association, and earnestly desire that all who are interested in its objects may be present at the organization and give their influence by becoming members of the association.

The object of the association is to secure better protection against fires for the timber lands of this State, especially for the pine lands of the eastern counties, both through more effective legislation and the education of public sentiment. Also to consider methods of reproduction of the valuable timber trees of the State, and the improvement in the condition of the woodland, so as to place it upon a paying basis.

The necessity for such an organized movement is evident on account of the frequent destruction of timber and property by forest fires; the great extent of waste land, over 2,000,000 acres, largely due to those fires, now lying idle, producing no valuable timber and the deteriorated and unprofitable condition of the greater portion of the woodland of the State.

F. E. Emery, Professor of Agriculture, A. and M. college.
W. W. Ashe, in charge of forest investigation, N. C. G. S.
C. A. Schonck, forestor, Vanderbilt estate.

Troy—Leonard.

The Atlanta Constitution contains the following:

ANOTHER FALL WEDDING.

"Mr. and Mrs. Henry C. Leonard have announced the engagement of their daughter, Mary Lee, to Mr. Robt. Hunter Troy, of Memphis, the wedding to occur the evening of November 24th.

This will add another to the list of brilliant marriages solemnized during October and November. Miss Leonard, since her debut, has been among the most admired of Atlanta's charming young women; she is of a stately type of brunette beauty that makes her a distingue figure wherever she appears, and is highly accomplished.

Mr. Robert Hunter Troy, now stationed in Memphis, Tenn., holds the responsible position of agent of the United States agricultural department. He graduated with highest honors from the University of Tennessee and recently declined to accept the chair of English in that institution. He is highly intellectual and a man widely known and popular in Tennessee."

Mr. Troy is a son of our townsman, Mr. W. C. Troy, and the OBSERVER extends its congratulations in advance to the prospective bride and groom.

The San Jose Scale.

The Wilmington Messenger of yesterday contained the following:

Professor W. F. Massey, of Raleigh, professor of botany and horticulture in the college of agriculture and mechanic arts, and botanist and entomologist of the state agricultural experiment station, arrived in the city yesterday.

It will be remembered that the state for some time has been enforcing rigid quarantine regulations against the San Jose scale, the insect which is so detrimental to the fruit trees. For a month Professor Massey has been traveling over the state making inspections with a view to extirpate the pest wherever it has appeared and to enforce the regulations to keep it from being brought here from other states where it has wrought such devastation in the nurseries and orchards. He is here on that business and today will go to Ivanhoe to make an inspection.

Professor Massey tells us that the San Jose scale does not exist in this state to any great extent and is not near so plentiful as was believed. In fact, he says there is only one place in the state (Southern Pines) where the scale is giving much trouble. He found one infected tree at Faison.

Marriage of Young Robesonians.

Two buggies drove up to the court house Thursday afternoon, from which alighted a middle aged man, a young man bedecked with three large chrysanthemums and two young girls, one of them very pretty and also covered with chrysanthemums. They hurried into the register of deeds office and applied for a marriage license for the young man and the pretty blushing girl, who gave their names as Stonewall Jackson and Annie Jackson, age 19 and 17, of Lumber Bridge, Robeson county. The other parties were the girl's father and sister.

After the license was made out the father inquired where the young folks could be married, and as 'Squire Williams of Cedar Creek, happened to be in the office, the ceremony took place immediately, all the court house officials participating. It was suspected that the young man was marrying without the consent of his parents, hence the absence of his relatives and the coming to Cumberland.

Court Dates.

The following is a list of the Courts to be held in this county up to next Spring: Civil, November 15th, 1897, two weeks; March 28th, 1898, one week; May 9th, 1898, two weeks. Criminal, special term, December 27th, 1897; February 7th, 1898.

Died of Natural Causes.

County Coroner Gilbert, Mayor Gardner and Lawyer Johnson Thursday afternoon examined the body of the negro found dead in the section house at Hope Mills and decided that an inquest was unneces sary, as the man had clearly come to his death from a hemorrahage of the lungs. The floor was covered with blood and not a wound could be found on the body. The mayor ordered the body buried at the town's expense.

The man was apparently fifty years old, slender, about five feet ten inches tall with a slight beard on his chin, and rather too well dressed for a tramp. In a valise which was found by his side was a lot of good clothing. There was nothing, however, to identify the man by.

The deceased was recognized as a negro who had been seen about the village the middle of last week and had bought some medicine. By his side was found a can, which had contained milk which Mrs. A. P. Phillips had given the man Thursday or Friday of last week, and she is probably the last person who saw the man alive as the place where the body was found is not more than a hundred yards from Mrs. Phillips' residence.

A Healthy Summer.

A prominent physician remarked this morning that this past summer has been an unusual healthy one in Fayetteville, and in this respect has a far better record than other towns of the same size. No epidemics and few deaths. He said that this month, October not the healthiest of months, had been exceptionally free from diseases.

The Hunting Season.

The close season ended in Cumberland county Nov. 1st, and then, and not until then, can partridges be lawfully hunted. We have heard of only a few violations of the law in this respect so far, and would hear of none if these few were prosecuted.

There are great numbers of partridges this fall, and the prospect for hunters is bright.

Arrested for Whisky Selling.

U. S. Deputy Marshal Pugh Thursday arrested Pitt Deal, charged with selling whisky without a license. He was placed in jail in default of bond.

New Poe masters.

Thursday the President appointed the following fourth-class postmasters for North Carolina: Big Laurel, W. S. Rice; Big Pine, R. G. Wild; Bluff, Mrs. D. Sandford; Canto, Edith Randall; Cross Rock, C. G. Barrett; English, Savannah English; Green Mountain, M. C. Patterson.

Special Premium.

In addition to the Special Fair premiums already published, Mr. E. A. Poe offers one dozen assorted flower pots for the second best collection of Chrysanthemums.

McKinley Cotton.

Cotton Saturday touched the lowest point with one exception, the Cleveland panic in '94, in forty-five years, November falling to 5.78 on the exchange in New York.

Rev. Mr. Martin at the Baptist Church.

Rev. Mr. Martin, of Norfolk Virginia, who is holding a protracted meeting at the Baptist church, is said to be an eloquent preacher with a splendid appearance in the pulpit. He is said to be having a powerful effect upon his hearers who are increasing nightly.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

The Roman mother who with her mantle defended the body of her child from the ravenous birds of prey is a perfect type of motherhood in all times and among all people. To protect her offspring from harm is the overwhelming instinct of motherhood.

Modern mothers are coming to understand that the best protection they can give their children against the preying accidents of life is to transmit to them an abundance of natural health and hardihood. But a mother cannot confer health and strength upon her offspring unless she has it in some measure herself.

Prospective mothers should know that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a scientific medicine, which gives perfect health and strength to the special organs concerned in motherhood.

Taken early during the expectant time, it makes the coming of baby entirely safe and nearly painless. It insures cheerfulness and recuperative energy to the mother and constitutional vigor to the child.

It is the only perfect and positive specific for all weaknesses and diseases of the feminine organism.

Mrs. F. E. Forgey, of Carns, Keyapaha Co., Neb., writes: "I write to you again concerning my daughter, Mrs. D. Billings. She has taken two bottles of 'Favorite Prescription.' She thinks the medicine did her a world of good. She was confined the 15th of February. Was sick but a short time and has a 10 pound daughter. Got along nicely afterward. Looks good, complexion looks clear, and she says she never felt so well.

The quickest, safest remedy for all headaches or neuraliga is Kodak Headache Powders. Three doses for 10c.

MOTHER! There is no word so full of meaning and about which such tender and holy recollections cluster as that of "MOTHER"—she who watched over our helpless infancy and guided our first tottering step. Yet the life of every Expectant Mother is beset with danger and all effort should be made to avoid it.

Mother's Friend so assists nature in the change taking place that the Expectant Mother is enabled to look forward without dread, suffering or gloomy forebodings, to the hour when she experiences the joy of Motherhood. Its use insures safety to the lives of both Mother and Child, and she is found stronger after than before confinement—in short, it "makes Childbirth natural and easy," as so many have said. Don't be persuaded to use anything but

MOTHER'S FRIEND

"My wife suffered more in ten minutes with either of her other two children than she did altogether with her last, having previously used four bottles of 'Mother's Friend.' It is a blessing to any one expecting to become a MOTHER," says a customer.
HENDERSON DALE, Carmi, Illinois.

Of Druggists at $1.00, or sent by mail on receipt of price. Write for book containing testimonials and valuable information for all Mothers, free.
The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

T. B. NEWBERRY,
Thornton Block.

A representative and well established house in Fayetteville extensively engaged in the furniture business is that of Mr. T. B. Newberry, located on Hay street, in the Thornton block. The present store occupied comprises two floors, 20x100 feet each. He has been established since March, 1897, and has built up a large and constantly increasing trade. Here is handled a large and most complete line of medium and high grade furniture, carpets and mattings, toilet sets and house furnishing goods of all kinds. This is a regular installment house. You can buy goods here at rock bottom prices, either for cash or on weekly or monthly payments. Mr. Newberry buys his goods from first hands for cash, and is thereby always enabled to offer extra price inducements to purchasers.

—THE—
Marble and Granite
Monuments - and - Headstones!

The public is cordially invited to visit my yard, where they will always find a choice collection of

Monuments
—AND—
Headstones

to select from. My workmanship stands

SECOND TO NONE

in the South, and my prices are as low as can be obtained for strictly first-class work. A large lot of DESIGNS to select from.

Very respectfully,
E. L. REMSBURG,
Proprietor Fayetteville Marble and Granite Works.

Bank of Fayetteville,
FAYETTEVILLE, C, N.
Does a General Banking Business,
RECEIVES DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK,
Collects Notes and Drafts
Payable here and at all Banking Points in North Carolina,
AT REASONABLE CHARGES,
and remits promptly for all collections.
Capital Stock - - - - $250,000.00.
☞ No deposits received on interest.
H. W. LILLY, President,
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MURCHISON & POPE,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

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Attorney and Counsellor
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

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DRS. PATTERSON & BETTS,
DENTISTS.

OFFICE: Over Bank of Fayetteville,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Offer their services to the citizens of Fayetteville and surrounding country

J. H. MARSH, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON
Office: N. E. Corner Market Square,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

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DRS. HUNTER,
DENTISTS,
Northeast Corner Market Square,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C
April 29, 1880.

THE OBSERVER.

THURSDAY..... NOVEMBER 4, 1897.

E. J. HALE, Editor and Proprietor.

E. J. HALE, Jr., General Business Mang'r.

Established in 1825 by E. J. Hale, Sr.

FAYETTEVILLE N. C.

Those who Bolted Bryan Cannot be Trusted to Dictate Democratic Policy.

Says Webster's Weekly, in reply to Governor Jarvis:

We regret that he does not agree with us as to the policy to be pursued in uniting the friends of good government in North Carolina. Gov. Jarvis and the Weekly agree on the end to be accomplished, their difference is over details. He thinks the slogan of "white supremacy and good government," coupled with the record of the "last Legislature," is sufficient to unite the white men of the State; while we think the experience of the Democratic party in the last two campaigns shows that something more is required.

Gov. Jarvis says "the issue is already made up; that it is white supremacy and good government." He is entitled to his opinion on this question, but we respectfully dissent from it. It leaves out of the account National questions, and we can conceive of no greater blunder on the part of the Democratic party than to show the slightest sign of weakening on the National questions. In politics as in war, it takes two sides to carry on a battle. If the enemy would let us say what questions should be discussed, we would have an easy time of it, but we cannot always have things our own way. The wisest plan is to be ready for battle on any line it may come, and not act so as to invite attack on our weak points.

What was good politics in 1876 may not be wise now. Conditions have changed. The Democratic party was of one mind then on both State and National questions. Politics is the science of circumstances as well as of government. New elements have entered into politics since 1876 that must be reckoned with. Gov. Vance recognized this and sought to widen the horizon of his party. He saw that new issues would arise as the country outgrew the passions and prejudices of the war. The Populist party would never have amounted to anything if his policy had prevailed.

We desire to emphasize the point that conditions have changed. Republicanism had no apologists or sympathizers in the Democratic party in 1876. Cleveland had not then been discovered. Now we have Democrats who repudiate Vance's teachings and openly avow their sympathy with John Sherman's financial views. Here in Rockingham county one of this class said to a friend of ours not long ago that he did not vote for McKinley, but was glad he was elected. Such a sentiment would have shocked the sensibilities of the average Democrat a few years ago, but now such treasonable utterances must not be condemned for fear of hurting somebody's feelings. No man can serve two masters. "Home is where the heart is," and the Democrat who rejoices in McKinley's election is not at home in a Democratic convention.

Gov. Jarvis does not desire "good government and white supremacy" more ardently than we do. The trouble is that there are so called Democrats who profess to want "white supremacy" at home and vote or sympathize with the Republican party in National affairs. The party would be better off without them.

We need hardly remind Gov. Jarvis that the weak point in the campaign of 1894 was the failure of the party to ring full and clear on the stump for silver. The people wanted to hear that question discussed. If Cleveland's treachery had been condemned then as it was last year, the party might have held its ground.

We cannot see how it is any worse to be friendly with the Populists in State affairs than to invite the aid of their organization in a National election. If white supremacy is what is wanted, it can be assured in that way. If the defeat of the Republicans is a prime object, it can certainly be accomplished by exercising the same practical sense in taking care of our home affairs that we did in trying to elect Mr. Bryan. If it be true that our State and county governments touch us at a hundred points where the Federal government touches us at one, it is all the more important that if any co-operating is to be done that we invoke the principle in behalf of good government at home.

Gov. Jarvis says that "platform makers and resolution grinders" will not be much in demand next year. He says further that "the people are doing their own thinking and will do their own voting when the time comes." We could not put it any stronger. The great mass of the people, who toil for their daily bread and have no political aspirations, have lost reverence for mere party names; they want practical results. We fear if the Democratic party sits back on its dignity and demands that everything must come its way or not at all, it will awake to realize that Gov. Jarvis spoke as a prophet when he said the people were doing their own thinking and voting.

He is a poor general who goes to battle without counting the cost. It was Cæsar's plan to overestimate the strength of the enemy. We have the result of three appeals to the ballot box to show that the Democratic party in North Carolina is a minority party. The division of our opponents was all that saved us in 1892. They united two years later and won. In 1896 there were not lacking Democratic leaders who said we could win in a straight fight and warmly opposed the idea of accepting the proposition of the Populists for complete fusion. They succeeded in preventing State fusion until the Populists had perfected their plans with the Republicans, and then seeing that everything was going to be lost, relented, but it was too late.

Who is making the most fuss about the necessity of a straight fight next year? Are they the men who stood with Vance and Gov. Jarvis in resisting the effort to Clevelandize and Shermanize North Carolina Democracy? What sort of support did they give Mr. Bryan and Cy Watson last year? Did they not pursue a policy that would have given the State to McKinley if the Populists had retaliated and scratched the Democratic electors as Democrats were advised to scratch the Populist electors? They may be sincere in their desire for good government in North Carolina, but the party cannot afford to let them dictate its policy. That would furnish the opposition all the argument they wanted as to the necessity of Populists keeping up their organization. "See," they would say, "it is the same old machine. Put them back in power and away goes the reforms you have accomplished in restoring local government to the people. Nothing will be heard of silver after the old courthouse rings are reinstated."

We repeat the statement of a former article that the arithmetic of the problem cannot be ignored. The combined majority against the Democratic party in the State last year was between forty and fifty thousand. Judge Avery estimates that the Republicans polled 120,000 negro votes and about 32,000 white votes. This was supplemented by 33,000 Populist votes. The Democrats cast about 143,000 votes, which was 9,000 less than the Republicans polled, and 42,000 less than the combined opposition, which was 185,000. Say 8,000 Populists have followed Skinner into the Republican party, that puts our old-time enemy 17,000 votes ahead of us. These are not agreeable figures, but the problem must be faced.

The Democrats can hardly expect help from the white Republicans in a bitter party fight. Now how can we win without drawing over three-tourths of the Populists to us? If we start in to win by coddling a few hundred gold Democrats, the Populists will again fuse with the Republicans for self-preservation; and if we are beaten, as sure as the tides ebb and flow, we stay in the wilderness for an indefinite period.

We repeat to win we have got to have at least twenty thousand more votes than last year. Where are they to come from? No man not bidding for the central cell in an insane asylum can fail to see that they must come from the ranks of the conservative Populists. How to get their votes is the problem of the hour. Our policy is to treat them as we would have them treat us, if the tables were reversed. Many of the men whose votes the party wants and must have, followed Vance in 1876 and never faltered in their allegiance to the Democratic banner until 1892, when Cleveland was forced upon the party. Their hearts are with us, but they are not coming back as long as there is a suspicion that the party is not done with Clevelandism for good and always. The truth had as well be faced.

DISREPUTABLE METHODS OF CLEVELANDITES.

Newspaper readers know that three months ago the Cleveland syndicate, or combination of goldbug newspapers and correspondents which operates in North Carolina, started the cry that the next campaign must be fought on State issues alone, and that Democratic principles as adopted by the national convention must be abandoned in order to conciliate the gold minority of the party. In other words, that the loyal Democrats must commit fusion with those who adhere to the Republican doctrine. The OBSERVER and others objected. In order to divert public attention from their own proposed fusion, it was necessary for the syndicate to fix the brand of "fusionist" upon their opponents, who were opposing fusion. As we have said before, the fusionist syndicate possesses ample newspaper facilities for sending falsehood a league ahead, while the impoverished loyal press is getting its boots on.

We learn that in those parts of the State where the Charlotte Observer and the syndicate papers circulate and where the OBSERVER does not, an impression has been produced that the OBSERVER has been unnecessarily harsh in denouncing the Charlotte paper. To disabuse the minds of any of these misinformed persons whom this issue of the OBSERVER may reach, we reproduce below the article which appeared in the DAILY OBSERVER of the 1st of October and in the Weekly of the 7th of October, endorsing the Wilmington Messenger's proposition for "co-operation," and append to this the Charlotte Observer's garbled quotation from it—which false presentation of the OBSERVER'S position supplied the ammunition for the rest of the syndicate.

(Fayetteville Observer Editorial, October 1.)

Co-Operation of the Whites.

Referring to the dreadful results of letting the goldbug fusionists beat us last year, and to the hope that a revulsion against a continuance of such a state of affairs may set in, the Wilmington Messenger says:

"It is difficult to understand how any man of ordinary intelligence, who regards his own private interest as well as the welfare of the state can fail of disgust when he knows what has occurred since the year set in. The old carpet bag legislature had no little ability with its general dissoluteness and corruption, but the last legislature was composed, with only a few exceptions, of men of no experience, no intelligence, no conceptions of public duty, no judgment. They did not seek to do what was right. They were vicious, ignorant and blundering. If North Carolina is to have a future of prosperity and renown it must have men of information, of ability, of high integrity in charge. If the state continues in the hands of wild theorisers, speculative incompetents, reckless plotters, vicious schemers it will be thoroughly wrecked. Nothing can save North Carolina from pecuniary bankruptcy, from social chaos, from complete degradation and inevitable decay but by driving out all the fellows now in office, ridding the state of the terrible incubus and disgrace, and restoring hope, confidence and a sure personal safety to the people.

"Since the awful gang got in control of the state government what a disaster has overtaken almost every department of the public service. The most damning scandals have occurred. The penitentiary, that was made self supporting, under the Democratic management, in six months is plunged into hopeless bankruptcy, and the bull headed governor is anxious to get rid of the whole thing by leasing it to a private concern—an open confession of utter incapacity. The management of the pen is a disgrace both financially and humanely. The public institutions have been entered and used as mere party places for the punishment of capable, efficient men who were of another politics. One of the new appointees is a man whose moral character has been most seriously damaged as is well known to thousands of people.

"The acts of the legislature have been so blunderingly, ignorantly drawn they have given vast trouble. The dealings with the common schools, giving negroes control of white schools practically, have been both disastrous and infamous. The public printing scandal is only another witness against the thing that controls. Then there are the political gyrations, the self will, the pig-headedness, the angry demonstrations, the usurpations and abuses of Dan Russell, the governor, judge, star chamber president and universal tsar all in one to decorate the whole show and give popular zest to the ring performance. Never before has North Carolina been so controlled by unwonted, unheard of uses of power, and abuses of privileges as now. It is enough to make really good men to pray, as St. Paul prayed, to be delivered from unreasonable and wicked men, and to cause patriots to tremble for the ark of liberty and the safety of the state. It is a deplorable condition North Carolina is in, and if it should continue to grow worse it must end in something not remote from chaos. The voters—the white men of North Carolina have great responsibilities resting upon them now as patriots and electors. If they shall prove worthy of their heritage, worthy of the noble fathers who laid the foundations and builded wise and well; if they shall appreciate properly the magnitude of the dangers that threaten the prosperity, the safety, the very peace and glory of North Carolina, they will assert their white manhood and co operate to save the noble old state from further detriment and to restore to her peace and law within all her borders. So be it."

Our able contemporary draws a strong picture of the disgraceful position in which our State finds herself as a result of radical rule. But it is in no single respect worse than we had reason to believe it would be, if we allowed the Republicans to outwit us in dealing with the situation last year. It is certainly not worse than the OBSERVER predicted it would be. If any one had dreamed that the absence of the carpet bagger had purified the Republican party, he had the means at hand of undeceiving himself by contemplating the course of the Fred Douglas legislature of 1895, but one year before.

What adds an almost intolerable sadness to the situation, is the fact that so many good men should have allowed the McKinley "Democrats," posing as loyal Bryan Democrats, to sneer them out of their wits, and to drive them into joining in the hue and cry against the State committee when it was on the very point of acting upon the Populist offer to co-operate on the State and county tickets. Never had a beaten, minority party such an opportunity! Certain victory literally flung at its feet—and spurned! Not a principle to be sacrificed! Nothing demanded that had not been settled by the Democratic party itself in national convention! The folly of it, now that the hideous result stares us in the face, seems incredible. It was worse. It was madness and nothing short of a colossal crime.

And all so cleverly engineered by the Republicans through their representatives who hung on to the skirts of the Democracy!

It was a simple proposition: Republicans in a minority of 20,000; Democrats in a minority of 10,000; 30,000 former Democrats, delighted with the Chicago olive branch, ready, nay, literally asking us to allow them to co-operate with us to redeem the State—and, with this simple situation staring us in the face, to allow the Republicans to trick us into forcing the winning 30,000 away from our side and over to theirs! And with such a stake at issue as, on one hand, the old-time Democratic control of the State, OR, on the other, the pandemonium which our contemporary has so eloquently portrayed!

Certainly the world has never witnessed greater folly. And we are delighted to see that such an influential paper as the Messenger is turning its serious attention to the only remedy that is left us. At the close of a long editorial yesterday on the reported boast of Governor Russell that the Republicans could now get along without Populist aid, the Messenger says:

"Russell says his party can carry North Carolina without a populist vote; or words to that effect. Is that true? What are the figures? What did the last election prove? If the figures at hand are correct then this occurred, Russell received 9,536 majority over Cy Watson, democrat, Guthrie, populist, received 30,932. We suppose Russell argues that he was elected by nearly 10,000 votes over Watson without the populist vote. But some populists no doubt voted for him. Major Guthrie knows he did not receive the full vote of his party. If all had voted for him the probability is that Watson would have been elected to the glory and honor and safety of North Carolina. But, hark! Suppose the 31,000 for Guthrie had been given to Watson, then his majority would have been over 21,000. So it looks as if Russell would not have been now cursing the state as he is if the populists had abstained althgether from his support, or if they had given it to Watson.

"Take the presidential vote given the same day. Bryan beat McKinley in North Carolina by 19,266 majority. Palmer, the goldbug, only got 578 votes. That shows that many of them either voted for McKinley, helping to put upon the country the most infamous tax called a tariff, or did not vote. But the lesson to be learned is simple and easy. In the state election the republican was elected by nearly 10,000 while in the national election the democrat received over 19,000 majority. The prohibition candidate for president received 635 votes. We may hope that these will vote next year for saving North Carolina from the Goths and Vandals."

These are figures with which readers of the OBSERVER have been familiar ever since the returns were published in Raleigh last November, but they come with great significance now from our able Wilmington contemporary. As the Messenger says, the lesson to be learned is, indeed, simple and easy. And that is that we can drive out the present goldbug fusionists and recover the State for clean and honest government by "co-operation" between the Democrats and Populists. The only question for patriots is as to the particular form in which this "co-operation" may be effected. None but a traitor to his State would oppose such co-operation. Three or four little goldbugs have said that they would prefer a continuance of the present condition of affairs in North Carolina to co operation with the Populists. But, then, it must be remembered that goldbugs as a rule do not wish the Democrats to win.

In the foregoing article please carefully note the extracts from the Wilmington Messenger, which are enclosed by quotation marks.

The Charlotte Observer, in its issue of Tuesday, the 5th of October, garbled the said foregoing long article in these (and these only) words, viz:

The lesson to be learned is, indeed, simple and easy. And that is that we can drive out the present goldbug fusionists and recover the State for clean and honest government by "co-operation" between the Democrats and Populists.

* * * None but a traitor to his State would oppose such co-operation.

And added:

There you have it, bald-headed—Democratic-Populist-fusion, with Butler, of course, in command of the forces. Men and brethren, what do you think of it?

At once the falsehood was taken up by the Charlotte paper's Raleigh correspondent and the goldbug papers of the syndicate, who repeated the Charlotte paper's statement that the OBSERVER had declared for "fusion," when each one of them knew that the OBSERVER was daily proclaiming against "furion" with any party and favored "co-operation" with only such of the Populists as accepted Democratic principles.

It will be observed that the Charlotte paper, in order to make its false presentment, omitted the OBSERVER'S words with which the first sentence of its quotation began, and which described the kind of co-operation referred to, viz: "As the Messenger says," and left out, in the middle of the quotation, another vitally important qualification made by the OBSERVER, viz: "The only question for patriots is as to the particular form in which this 'co-operation' may be effected." By omitting these, a totally different meaning was given to the expression which the Charlotte garbler did quote, viz: "such co-operation."

Now, unless the OBSERVER'S quotation from the Charlotte paper can be shown to be fraudulent, it will be seen that the Charlotte paper has placed itself in a very awkward predicament.

Our friend of the Kinston Free Press, deprecating newspaper controversies, says that its recollection is that the OBSERVER was the first to impute untruthfulness in the present one. Its recollection is correct; and in the foregoing it has the evidence that the OBSERVER was not only right in denouncing its slanderer but compelled to do so.

Candidates in Tuesday's Election.

Following are the names of the candidates in the ten States which held elections yesterday:

NEW YORK.

Chief Justie Court of Appeals—William J. Wallace, Republican; A. B. Parker, Democrat.

OHIO.

Governor—Horace L. Chapman, Democrat; Julius Dexter, Gold Democrat; Asa S. Bushnell, Republican; Jacob S. Coxey, Populist; Wm. Watkins, Socialist Labor; Samuel Lewis, Negro, Protection.

Lieutenant Governor—M. D. Shaw, Democrat; O. M. Merrill, Gold Democrat; Asa W. Jones, Republican; Horace Whitcomb, Populist; D. W. Wallace, Socialist Labor; Jason N. Tilly, Negro, Protection.

Supreme Court—J. P. Spriggs, Democrat; John H. Clark, Gold Democrat; J. F. Burkett, Republican; C. C. Pomeroy, Populist; Graham Duewell, Negro, Protection.

Attorney General—W. H. Dore, Democrat; David Wilson, Gold Democrat; F. S. Monett, Republican; C. A. Reeder, Populist, Chas. F. Armstead, Negro, Protection.

Treasurer—Jas. F. Wilson, Democrat; Samuel Stevens, Gold Democrat; S. B. Campbell, Republican; F. M. Morris, Populist; Edwin Sarsen, Socialist Labor; Moses Moore, Negro, Protection.

Board Public Works—Peter H. Degnan, Democrat; H. G. Coffibury, Gold Democrat; C. A. Goddard, Republican; J. H. Sanders, Populist; John T. Jones, Socialist Labor; C. D. Horner, Negro, Protection.

School Commissioners—Byron H. Hurd, Democrat; W. H. Johnson, Gold Democrat; L. D. Bonebrake, Republican; Silas Shook, Populist; Charles Bonsall, Socialist Labor; C. McK. Clarke, Negro, Protection.

VIRGINIA.

Governor—J. Hoge Taylor, Democrat; Rev. L. R. Cutler, Prohibition; Patrick H. McCall, Anti Machine Republican.

Lieutenant Governor—Edward Echols, Democrat; E. R. Cocke, Populist; G. M. Smithdeal, Prohibition; O. B. Roller, Anti Machine Republican.

Attorney General—A. J. Montague, Democrat; F. B. Kennedy, Prohibition, James E. Lyons, Anti Machine Republican.

The regular Republicans made no nominations.

KENTUCKY.

Clerk Court of Appeals—Robert A. Green, Democrat; Jas. R. Hindman, Gold Democrat; Jas. G. Bailey, Republican.

MARYLAND.

State Comptroller—Thos. A. Smith, Democrat; Phillips G. Goldsborough, Republican.

Clerk Court of Appeals—Alan Rutherford, Republican; J. Frank Ford, Democrat.

COLO ADO.

Supreme Judge—John A. Gordon, Democrat; Charles D. Hayt, Republican and silver Republican; William Gabbert, Populist.

IOWA.

Governor—F. E. White, Democratic-Populist; John Cliggett, Gold Democrat; L. M. Shaw, Republican; Charles A. Lloyd, Middle-of-the-Road Populist; S. P. Leland, Prohibition.

Lieutenant Governor—B. A. Plummer, Democratic-Populist; S. H. Mallory, Gold Democrat; J. C. William, Republican; D. I. Perkins, Middle of the Road Populist; M. W. Atwood, Prohibition.

Supreme Judge—L. G. Kinne, Democratic Populist; W. J. Babb, Gold Democrat; C. M. Waterman, Republican; J. A. Lomeburg, Middle-of-the-Road Populist; N. T. Hellyer, Prohibition.

Railroad Commissioner—S. B. Crain, Democratic Populist; Peter A. Day, Gold Democrat; C. L. Davidson, Republican; L. H. Griffith, Middle-of-the-Road Populist; A. U. Coates, Prohibition.

Superintendent Instruction—G. F. Reinhardt, Democratic Populist; J. B. Knoepfler, Gold Democrat; R. B. Barrett, Republican; Wm. Blaim, Middle-of-the-Road Populist; Mrs. M. H. Dunham, Prohibition.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Governor—Roger Wolcott, Republican; George F. Williams, Democrat; Dr. Wm. Everett, Gold Democrat; Prof. J. D. Bascom, Prohibition.

Secretary of State—William M. Olin, Republican; Charles D. Nash, Democrat; Bernard M. Wolf, Gold Democrat; Edwin Sawtelle, Prohibition.

Attorney General—Hosea M. Knowlton, Republican: Jno. A. O'Keefe, Democrat; William M. McClench, Gold Democrat; Walcott Hamlin, Prohibition.

Treasurer—Edward P. Shaw, Republican; James A. Watson, Democrat; Horace P. Tobey, Gold Democrat, R. C. Habberly, Prohibition.

Auditor—J. L. Chalifoux, Democrat; Harry Douglas, Gold Democrat; H. M. Small, Prohibition.

NEBRASKA.

Supreme Judge—John J. Sullivan, Democratic Populist; Warren Switzler, Gold Democrat; A. M. Post, Republican; D. M. Strong, Prohibition; Mrs. Zara A. Wilson, Liberty Party (Prohibition.)

University Regents—E. Von Merrell and Geo. F. Pennoyer, Democratic Populists; J. Sterling Morton and J. C. Crawford, Gold Democrats; G. W. Caler and J. H. Dreyden, Republican; D. L. Whitney and Mrs. I. Sperlock, Prohibition; Rufus C. Dentley, Liberty Party (Prohibition.)

PENNSYLVANIA.

Auditor General—M. E. Brown, Democrat; L. G. McCauley, Republican; W. W. Lathrop, Prohibition.

State Treasurer—Walter E. Ritter, Democrat; J. S. Beacon, Republican; Rev. S. C. Swallow, Prohibition.

VICTORY!!!

For Bryan, Democracy and Silver!!!

Elsewhere we print a list of the offices and the candidates therefor voted for in the ten States which held elections for State offices Tuesday.

The returns at hand up to going to press show that the Democrats have either swept the field, or, in those States which are normally Republican, have greatly reduced the Republican majorities. With one exception. The issue in all the States was expressly made on the gold standard versus the Chicago platform. With one exception. The exception in both cases is Maryland—a Southern State, a normally Democratic State, whose Democratic convention, yielding to the same trimming policy which the OBSERVER has just defeated in North Carolina, refused to reaffirm the Chicago silver plank.

NEW YORK CITY AND STATE.

Van Wyck, the Tammany candidate for mayor of New York, who declared that he supported Bryan and the Chicago platform "with all his heart," is elected by the enormous plurality of 86,668. The hissing of Croker, the anti Bryan boss, by the great Tammany meeting, is believed to have satisfied the labor supporters of the late Henry George, who thereupon transferred their votes to the other Bryan candidate, Van Wyck. The result was a comparatively insignificant vote for George's substitute, his unknown son, and the securing by Van Wyck of almost the identical vote received by Bryan in each of the great boroughs of the new city. The Republican vote was divided more completly than the Democratic. The complete returns give Van Wyck, (Bryan Democrat), 235,181; Low, (Cleveland mugwump and goldbug), 148,513; Tracy, (straight-Republican goldbug), 101,823.

In New York State, Judge Parker, (Bryan Democratic candidate of the State Democracy, whose last convention endosed the Chicago 16 to 1 platform), is elected Supreme Court Judge, over Wallace, (Republican goldbug), by 38,000 plurality.

OHIO.

The result in Ohio is the most significant of all. Ohio is a Republican State which gave McKinley 56,194 plurality (according to Hanna's patent counting machine) last year. Now it is claimed by both sides, and it will require the official count to decide. The issue was fought squarely on silver and anti-Hannaism, Mr. Bryan himself having entered the canvass at the invitation of the State Democracy.

VIRGINIA.

The Bryan Democrats sweep the State by 60,000 majority; securing also nearly three fourths of the legislature, which means Senator Daniel's re election.

KENTUCKY.

The issue was a straight fight by the Bryan silver Democrats against the Republicans and Carlisle gold Democrats. The Returns indicate 15,000 to 20,000 majority for the silver Democrats, against 244 plurality for McKinley last year. Louisville, the headquarters of the gold "Democracy," elects a silver Democratic mayor, in place of a goldbug Republican.

MARYLAND.

Maryland, (Southern and Democratic), is the only State whose last State Democratic Convention failed to re-affirm the Chicago silver platform though it repudiated the gold standard endorsed by the convention of 1896), and it is the only one of the States voting yesterday from which bad news comes. Baltimore has gone Republican by 8,000 majority (against 2,091 for McKinley last year), and the Legislature (which chooses a successor to to Senator Gorman) is in doubt.

COLORADO.

Both "sides" claim victory, but no one can tell t'other side from which, as there are cross fusions in different localities which render comparison with last year's vote impossible.

IOWA.

The Democrats reduce last year's Republican plurality, of 65,552 to less than one fourth those figures.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Very light vote, but McKinley's plurality last year of 173,265 is reduced to only 85,000 for Wolcott over Geo. Fred Williams, the 16 to 1 Democrat.

NEBRASKA.

In Nebraska there was complete co-operation (misnamed "fusion") between the silver Democrats and silver Populists and the result is that the Republicans are beaten by 20,000 to 25,000 plurality, against 14,935 for Bryan last year. The issue was the Chicago platform against the Republican.

PENNSYLVANIA.

In Pennsylvania McKinley's plurality last year (with Harrity practically fighting the Democratic ticket) was 301,175. No returns.

NEW JERSEY.

In New Jersey, Mr. Cleveland's home, the Bryan Democrats have secured 26 Democrats in the lower house of the legislature, against 4 last year. Democratic gains in almost every county.

CURRENT COMMENT.

The election of Judge Van Wyck is personally very gratifying to the editor of the OBSERVER.

* * *

The Charlotte Observer, formerly an offensive bully, has become very tame, we observe, since its double-dealing and treachery have been exposed.

* * *

That was an admirable choice of a President which the State Agricultural Society made in their election to that office of Col John S. Cunningham. Col. Cunningham, who was the Democratic nominee for Speaker of the last House, is one of the coming men of North Carolina.

* * *

We are glad to learn from the Smithfield Herald that it is not Mr. Pou's organ. Its last issue, however, would indicate that, without its directly saying so. The editor of the OBSERVE has a very warm regard for Mr. Pou, though differing with him on the money question, and it was he who introduced last year the resolution of thanks to him on his retiring from the State committee chairmanship.

* * *

The Lenoir Topic says the OBSERVER was wrong in classing it with those who prefer a continuance of the present disgraceful goldbug fusion government to co-operation with the (silver) Populists, adding that it had not discussed the subject. We are delighted to set it right. We inferred from its copying with approval the Charlotte Observer's foul slander of the OBSERVER in connection with this point, that it embraced the Charlotte paper's views. Our contemporary makes the point that what it opposes is trafficking for offices. All properly constituted people oppose that—especially since the traffic between the President and a North Carolina Senator (which gave the unconditional repealers their needed majority in the Democratic caucus) is seen to have plunged the country into such a dreadful state.

No Gripe

When you take Hood's Pills. The big, old-fashioned, sugar-coated pills, which tear you all to pieces, are not in it with Hood's. Easy to take and easy to operate, is true of Hood's Pills, which are up to date in every respect. Safe, certain and sure. All druggists. 25c. C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills

The Opera House.

Those who attended the "Fabio Romani," performance at the Opera House Saturday night were agreeably surprised to see the improvements that have taken place recently. The hideous pictures which adorned the two wings of the stage have been removed and the front and sides of the stage handsomely painted. And than a fine new grand piano, with mandolin attachment, the property of the present management, occupies the place of the old one. A small audience greeted Aiden Benedict and his company in "Fabio Romani," but greatly encouraged the players by liberal applause. The play is handsomely staged and the acting many pronounced excellent.

—SUBSCRIBE FOR THE—

FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER,

A BRYAN DEMOCRATIC NEWSPAPER.

The OBSERVER is the leading advocate in North Carolina of the policy of turning out the present Goldbug-Fusion Government, now disgracing the State, by a reunion of the whites whom VANCE led to victory. It is for **WHITE REUNION** against **BLACK FUSION.**

It opposes any political movement by Democrats outside of the Democratic organization. It stands by every plank in the Chicago platform, as the true expression of Democracy. Accepting the restoration of "White Supremacy" as the paramount issue, it believes that the Democracy should lose no time in shaping its course to that end. It is plain that the blacks, who rigidly drew the color line in the late election, will not assist the whites in the restoration of white supremacy. It is equally plain that the Republican allies of the blacks, who have demonstrated their negrophilism by thirty years of fusion with the blacks, will not assist in restoring white supremacy. The Observer therefore favors consideration of the question, "How shall the reunion of the two wings of Vance's Democracy be effected," so that the masses of the Democratic party may be justly represented in the next Convention. It is unalterably opposed to fusion—that is, to any political combination which requires a sacrifice of Democratic principles as duly expressed by the party.

Daily Edition, $3.00 per annum.
Weekly Edition, $1,00 per annum.
E. J. HALE, Editor and Proprietor.
E. J. HALE, Jr., Business Man'g'r

Catarrh Cured.

No remedy is as affectual in eradicating and curing Catarrh as Botanic Blood Blam, (B. B. B.) It purifies and enriches the blood, eliminates microbes, bacteria, etc., and builds up the system from the first dose. Thousands of cases of catarrh have been cured by its magic power. For all blood and skin diseases, it has no equal. Buy the old reliable and long tested remedy, and don't throw your money away on substitutes, palmed off as "just as good." Buy the old reliable Batanic Blood Balm. Price $1.00 per large bottle.

SAYS IT IS GLORIOUS.

I cannot refrain from telling you what a glorious medicine you have. For two years my mother has suffered with a severe catarrh of the head and ulcerated sore throat. She resorted to various remedies without effect, until she used Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.), which cured her catarrh, and healed her sore throat. W. A. PEPPER,

For sale by druggists. Fredonia, Ala.

Why Go to Alaska FOR GOLD DUST

when you can get it right at home? Your grocer sells it.

MADE ONLY BY

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,

Chicago. St. Louis. New York. Boston. Philadelphia.

SEVENTY-FIRST ITEMS.

November 3, 1897.

Mr. Don McBryde of Little River Academy is teaching at McPherson's church.

Miss Katie McGougan had to suspend her school at the Wild West, having been called home on account of the serious illness of her mother.

Miss Mary Gills and Master David Currie visited Miss Gillis' home on Saturday and Sunday and attended communion services at Sandy Grove.

Miss Christian Gillis is teaching a small school at Galatia.

Mrs. Alex Sessoms is visiting her parents and other relatives at Greensboro.

The annual report of the Woman's Missionary Society of Fayetteville Presbytery shows an enrollment of fifty-nine societies with 821 members. These contributed $1,343 38, an average of $1.63 per member. The Children's Societies contributed something over $297, making a total of $1,640.38 from the women and children of the Presbytery for the cause of Foreign Missions. The report is very interesting; in addition to dry (?) statistics, contains the bright and entertaining papers read at the recent meeting at Ashpole. Of these the place, *par excellence*, should be given to "Woman's Place in Modern Philanthropy", by Mrs. Lauchlin McDonald. It is very fine indeed, being an exhaustive and instructive expose of the subject, showing great care and thought in its preparation.

Rev. J. S. Black, of Red Springs, spent last night at Mr. A. D. McGill's.

We hear that Miss Fannie McPherson and her brother Murray are detained at Dothan, Ala., on account of small-pox.

Mr. Frank McPherson, who has a position at Montgomery, Ala., is now at home.

Miss Kate McPherson has re-opened her school at her home, Buena Vista.

There will be communion services at Galatia on the 2nd Sunday, preparatory, services beginning on Friday before.

SCOTCH LASSIE.

LUMBER BRIDGE LOCALS.

Mrs. Council, her little son Will and little granddaughter Mary Beth Cogdell, spent from Friday until Tuesday with us.

Rev. P. R. Law and daughter, Miss Mary D., left Monday for Synod at Salisbury. From Synod they will go to Asheville, where Miss Mary will enter the Normal Collegiate Institute.

Justice S. J. McLeod is visiting Mr. Adams, his brother in law, at Clio, S. C.

Mr. Preston Stamps, of Milton, spent several days with his brother, Dr. Thos. Stamps.

We regret to learn that Mr. John H. Lancaster, near Parkton, is quite sick.

Rev. J. W. Cobb and Capt. Cobb attended the Union Meeting at Bloomingdale.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

RAEFORD NOTES

'Possums are scarce but there is plenty of 'Taters.

We notice that the negroes had a peculiar scene at one of their "festivals" near West End, Moore county, last week. The main performance in the scene consisted in one negro stabbing another with a knife and leaving about two inches of the blade in his opponent. The performer is in jail, the one performed upon is dead.

There will be an entertainment at Raeford Institute Friday evening, Nov. 5th.

There will be another wedding not "a hundred miles" from here at an early date. We can't call names yet.

The proverb says that pride goes before a fall. This being the case pride has yanked around mighty constant before the price of cotton this fall. Hence the low price of this staple.

Died—At her home near Antioch, N. C., on Friday, Oct. 29th, Mrs. Mary McGougan, aged about fifty. The deceased leaves a husband and six children to survive her.

What is Scott's Emulsion?

It is a strengthening food and tonic, remarkable in its flesh-forming properties. It contains Cod-Liver Oil emulsified or partially digested, combined with the well-known and highly prized Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda, so that their potency is materially increased.

What Will It Do?

It will arrest loss of flesh and restore to a normal condition the infant, the child and the adult. It will enrich the blood of the anemic; will stop the cough, heal the irritation of the throat and lungs, and cure incipient consumption. We make this statement because the experience of twenty-five years has proven it in tens of thousands of cases. Be sure you get SCOTT'S Emulsion.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

Thanksgiving Day.

The President yesterday issued a proclamation setting aside Thursday, November 25 as a day of thanksgiving and prayers.

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets CURE CONSTIPATION

REGULATE THE LIVER

10¢ 25¢ 50¢ ALL DRUGGISTS

ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED to cure any case of constipation. Cascarets are the Ideal Laxative, never grip or gripe, but cause easy natural results. Sample and booklet free. Ad. STERLING REMEDY CO., Chicago, Montreal, Can., or New York.

WALTER WATSON'S HARDWARE HOUSE,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Lumber and Building Material

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

Thoroughly Dried Material Always On Hand.

DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, AND MOULDINGS

Farming Implements

OF ALL KINDS,

Hoes, Shovels, Spades, Rakes, Ploughs, Forks, &c.

SIX FT. WIRE NETTING.

PRICES LOWER THAN EVER ON THIS MATERIAL

Steam Fixtures for Saw Mills.

Agent for the Frick Co. Engines and Machinery.

ESTIMATES FURNISHED ON PLANTS OF ANY CAPACITY.

Yours Respectfully,

WALTER WATSON.

Pemberton's Book and Music House,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Pianos, Organs, Sewing Machines,

Bicycle and Bicycle Sundries sold on *easy terms.*
School Books and School Supplies.
Singing Books, Bibles and Sunday-school Literature.
Pictures, Easels—Picture Frames made to order.

WALL PAPER,

Fancy Goods and Toys for the Children

Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.
Our Stock is large and very complete.
Prices Low.

THE OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., NOV. 4, 1897

We desire a live agent and correspondent at every postoffice in Cumberland and adjoining counties.

Correspondence on all subjects of local and general interest and opinions upon matters public of concern, are invited

The editor will not be responsible for the views or statements of correspondents —and reserves the right at all times to revise or correct any article he may think requires it.

One side, only, of the paper must be written on—and the real name of the writer accompany the contribution. No attention will be paid to anonymous letters.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Dreyer Bros.—Wanted.
J. S. Breece—Nursery Stock.
Gentry's Dog and Pony Show.
Ledbetter Bros—It Stands Alone.
Newberry's—Do You Need a Carpet.
The Bank of Fayetteville—For Sale.
Paine's Celery Compound—4th Page.
Frank Thornton Dry Goods Co.—Ud to Date.

Cumberland County Fair November 10th, 11th and 12th.

During the month of October the register of deeds issued 15 marriage licenses; 13 to whites and 2 to colored.

A. J. Scammon's "Burglar" Company with Horace Mitchell and a strong cast, will appear at the Opera House shortly.

Special Preminm.

Col. W. J. Green offers one case of twelve bottles of best Tokay wine for the best cake of corn bread.

Junior Foot Ball.

The Fayetteville Juniors are making an effort to get the Florence Juniors here during Fair week for a game of foot ball.

Disfigurement for life by burns or scalds may be avoided by using De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve, the great remedy for piles and for all kinds of sores and skin troubles. KING BROS.

Reduced Rates to Winston.

The Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley railroad will have reduced rate tickets on sale November 2, 3, 4 and 5th to Winston on account of the Winston Tobacco Fair, at $4 for round trip from Fayetteville.

Marriage at Roslin.

Mr. W. L. Trogdon and Miss Annie Beckman, both of Hope Mills, No. 2, were married at Roslin on Sunday, the 31st, by John Roslin Smith, Esq.

You can't cure consumption but you can avoid it and cure every other form of throat or lung trouble by the use of One Minute Cough Cure. KING BROS.

The Fair Dances.

The young men held a meeting last night and decided to hold the fair dances on Wednesday and Friday nights of Fair week. Messrs. W. G. Moore, L. A. Williamson and Jas. Kyle were appointed a committee of arrangements.

Improvements at Hope Mills.

The new spinning room at Hope Mills No. 1 is nearing completion. Twelve new tenant houses are being built at No. 1. We understand that the Hope Mills Manufacturing Company are running both factories on full time and doing well.

There is no need of little children being tortured by scald head, eczema and skin eruptions. DeWitt's Hazel Salve gives instant relief and cures permanently. KING BROS.

A Narrow Escape.

While Oscar Jernigan, a colored boy was driving Mr. Jno. M. Martin's horse and cart along Hillsboro street below the A. C. L. Depot yesterday afternoon, the animal became frightened at a passing engine, and backed the cart into the big ditch on the east side of the street, the cart falling on top of the driver. It was thought that the boy was killed, but when extricated, he was found to be only badly bruised.

To Be Hanged Friday.

Lannon Haynes, convicted of the murder of young Lee at Whiteville, Columbus county, and who was to have been hung last month, but was respited in order to allow him to testify against others, has been resentenced by Judge McIver to be hanged next Friday.

Another Batch of F. I. L. I Recruits.

The following young gentlemen were admitted to membership in the Independent Company Monday night: J. A. Brown, H. P. Elliott, Lucian Spell and I. E. Sheppard. There are four or five more applications to be voted on next Monday night.

You can't afford to risk your life by allowing a cold to develop into pneumonia or consumption. Instant relief and a certain cure are afforded by One Minute Cough Cure. KING BROS.

Death of Mrs. Straughn.

Mrs. Delilah Straughn died at her residence in Campbellton Monday morning, aged 67 years. She leaves two children, both married daughters.

The deceased was the widow of the late L. C. Straughn, a magistrate for many years with office in the Magnolia building.

October Dispensary Report.

Stock on hand Oct. 1, '97,		$2,100 94
Purchases for Oct.,		1,735 45
		$3,836 39
Stock on hand Nov. 1st,	$2,171 77	
Sales as per vouch'rs,	2,470 85	
	$4,642 62	
Gross profits,		$ 806 23
Expenses,		206 37
Net profit,		$ 599 86

Coughs, colds, pneumonia and fevers may be prevented by keeping the blood pure and the system toned up with HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA.

Meeting of the Board of Commissioners.

The board of county commissioners met in regular monthly session Monday, Nov. 1st, with Chairman Cotton presiding and Messrs. J. A. Gainey and J. A. McFarland and Attorney N. A. Sinclair present.

It was ordered that the certificate of organization of the Cumberland County Agricultural Society which is presented, signed by the president and secretary thereof, be filed in the office of the clerk of the board.

The refunding committee rendered their final report and the same was accepted and ordered filed.

It was voted that A. H. Slocomb, R. P. Buxton, W. L. Holt and J. A. McFarland be allowed $50 each for their compensation for their services on the refunding committee.

It was ordered that the canal company in Flea Hill be required to put hand rails to the bridge across the canal known as the Talbot canal.

Ordered that Herman Gilmore be hired to D. B. Maynard for the term of his sentence for $12.55.

Resolved, That the thanks of this board are hereby tendered to the refunding committee, Messrs. A. H. Slocomb, R. P. Buxton, W. L. Holt and J. A. McFarland for their services in refunding the bonded debt of the county and for the advice and assistance they have rendered this board in connection with said refunding.

Cyrus Murphy and A. L. McCaskill be appointed a committee to check the sheriff's stubbs and books and said committee to serve without compensation.

It was ordered that the sheriff and treasurer be notified to have on hand in cash on the 1st day of December, 1897, $2,200 with which to pay Jones' coupons.

Bills amounting to $1,574.27 were allowed and ordered paid.

Reports of the different county officers were read and ordered filed.

Jurors for December Term.

The following is the list of jurors drawn for the December term of the Criminal Court:

Chas. Holmes, col., Cedar Creek; Moses Evans, col., Flea Hill; Daniel Tyson, Gray's Creek; D. A. Bain, Black River; Jas. Carter, Jr., Cedar Creek; Jackson Williams, Black River; W. J. Nance, Seventy first; K. S. Carty, Beaver Dam; Thos. Geddie, Flea Hill; T. J. Hornady, Rockfish; John S. Jones, Cross Creek; A. F. Sessoms, Cedar Creek; J. A. Fowler, Rockfish; W. P. Blackman, Carver's Creek; Enoch Hall, Beaver Dam; Nick Carver, Cedar Creek; M. McI. Matthews, Cross Creek; J. D. Bradshaw, Cross Creek; W. W. Matthews, Cedar Creek; D. B. Baker, Flea Hill; E. N. Rhodes, Black River; Jas. McDougald, col., Black River; C. D. Faircloth, Beaver Dam; Joel Beard, Cedar Creek; T. A. Culbreth, Rockfish; J. A. Pemberton, Cross Creek; Sam. Armstrong, Black River; B. D. Ross, Quewhiffle; Z. R. Harris, Quewhiffle; B. R. Taylor, Cross Creek; A. A. McQueen, Gray's Creek; Jerry Culbreth, col., Flea Hill; Simon Gilmore, col., Flea Hill; W. D. Smith, Little River; Jas. Carter, Sr., Cedar Creek; J. W. Hair, Cedar Creek.

Funeral of Henry George.

Great honors were paid to the memory of Henry George Sunday. Thirty thousand persons filed by his open coffin and viewed the dead face of the man who had given his life for the cause of uplifting the poor. Thirty thousand more were unable to gain admission. Half a million lined the funeral route and viewed the funeral procession.

It is described as one of "the grandest civic funerals in history." Truly, Henry George in death was mightier than Henry George in life.

J. M. Thirswend, of Grosbeck, Tex., says that when he has a spell of indigestion, and feels bad and sluggish, he takes two of De Witt's Little Early Risers at night, and he is all right the next morning. Many thousands of others do the same thing. Do you? KING BROS

New System of Discipline.

The Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley has adopted the Brown (demerit) system of discipline, now in force on a number of roads.

The employes that we have seen are well pleased with the new arrangement, which is very sweeping in its character. General Manager Fry has issued the following circular to all employes:

Hereafter the method of disciplining the employes of this Company will be as follows:

1. Actual suspension from duty will no be enforced.

2. An account of the service of each employe, whether good or bad, will be kept in detail, and each employe will be notified of all entries in the record book opposite his name.

3 Permanent removal from the service will follow when the individual record shall show an employe to be careless, indifferent or incompetent, to the detriment of the Company's interest.

4. Due consideration and credit will be given employes for especially meritorious acts, and for periods of continuous good service. In the promotion of employes, their previous record will be carefully considered.

5. The record book will be open to the inspection of an employe for examination of his own record, but no employe will be permitted to examine the record of another.

In addition to the foregoing record, and for the purpose of making every accident and incident of importance happening on the road a lesson to trainmen, there will be posted upon the bulletin boards brief statements of accidents, mistakes and failures to observe the rules, with comment thereon by the proper official. No names will be mentioned on these bulletines.

It is hoped that the examination of these notices will be instructive to the employes, and do much to prevent the reoccurrence of similar cases.

It is also hoped that the abolishment of suspension from duty may encourage even greater care and watchfulness, where the Company's interests are involved.

The Requisites of a Pure Water Supply.

The Philadelphia Daily Lancet contains the following, which is of the highest importance to all communities supplied with water by public water works:

"Krauss (Cleveland Journal of Medicine) says: 1. That the water supply of any city or village should not in any possible way be liable to pollution or contamination from the sewage of any other community. 2 That the sewage of a city should not be emptied into any watercourse not having a current of three to five miles per hour, and then the sewage entrance should be at a distance of one mile or more from the intake. 3. That when the water supply of any city or village is a navigable stream, the water should be sand filtered before being pumped into the reservoirs or water mains. 4. That for ordinary drinking purposes the water should not be taken in its primitive or raw state, but be either filtered, boiled, or distilled and aerated. 5. That not only chemic but bacteriologic examinations of the water should be made, at least once weekly, to determine its character as a safe or dangerous water for domestic use, and if contamination is shown to exist the services of an engineer should be enlisted to detect if possible the cause and origin of such contamination."

J. C. Berry, one of the best known citizens of Spencer, Mo, testifies that he cured himself of the worst kind of piles by using a few boxes of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. He had been troubled with piles for over thirty years and had used many different kinds of so-called cures; but DeWitt's was the one that did the work and he will verify this statement if any one wishes to write to him. KING BROS

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Fayetteville, N. C., Post Office Nov. 1, 1897—Unclaimed.

B—Mrs. Mary Brown, J. D. Brumfield.
C—Margaset J. Caps, John Campbell.
D—Martha Davis.
E—L. W. Edwood, Mr. and Mrs. Sulius Eastien.
G—Miss Harriet Ann Gypson, D. L. Godwin.
H—Chas. Hadley, Chas. Hays, R. Hooson, Earnest M. Hough.
J—Sadder Johnson, W. H. Johnson.
K—Miss Maggie Kelly.
L—James Lord.
M—Nancy Mitchell.
Mc—Miss Mary McArthur, R. A. McKay.
P—John Parker, Miss Minnie Powell, Miss Mary F. Parker.
R—W. B. Royal, Miss Maggie Robeson.
S—T. H. Shapar, Miss Milligan Sorre, Miss Mamie Smith, Miss Annie Smith.
T—Geo. W. Taylor, Miss Annie Tallie.
W—John L. Wade, Wm. Walker, Ed. Walker, Frank Williams, Miss Sallie White, Mrs. Marie Williams.

Persons calling for any of the above letters will please say advertised.

W. D. GASTER, P. M.

"For five weeks I lived on cold water, so to speak," writes a man who suffered terribly from indigestion.

He could hardly keep anything on his stomach. What stayed, wasn't properly digested and gave him terrible pangs.

This is not an uncommon case. Dyspeptics don't get enough nourishment. They are generally thin and weak.

They may eat enough, but they don't digest enough. Much of what they eat turns into poison. If this keeps on there's no telling what disease they may get next. That's why it is best to take Shaker Digestive Cordial, as soon as symptoms of indigestion appear.

It cures all the evils of indigestion, and prevents the evils which indigestion causes.

Sold by druggists, price 10 cents to $1.00 per bottle.

Bullet Found Resting on the Brain.

Saturday morning Dr. McGougan extracted a bullet from the forehead of a little six-year-old negro girl named Pearce. The ball had penetrated the outer and inner lining of of the skull and was resting on the brain, mashed flat.

The uncle of the girl said that last Monday a week ago, he was cleaning a pistol when it accidentally exploded and the ball entered the child's head. Why medical aid was not summoned and something done for the child he did not explain. The matter we think should be investigated.

JUST try a 10c. box of Cascarets, the finest liver and bowel regulator ever made.

Another Batch of Federal Prisoners.

Deputy U. S. Mashal Atkinson left Monday for Wilmington with the following prisoners for trial at the Federal Court in session there this week: Alex. McLaren, illicit distilling of whisky; John H. Waddill and John H. Freeman, selling whisky without license, and Chas. King charged with robbing Manchester postoffice.

There are twelve persons to be tried at this session of the Federal Court from this county, four of whom are under bond, the other eight prisoners.

CASCARETS stimulate liver, kidney and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe —10c.

The True Remedy.

W. M. Repine, editor Tiskilwa, Ill., "Chief" says: "We won't keep house without Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. Experimented with many others, but never got the true remedy until we used Dr. King's New Discovery. No other remedy can take its place in our home, as in it we have a certain and sure cure for Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, etc." It is idle to experiment with other remedies, even if they are urged on you as just as good as Dr. King's New Discovery. They are not as good, because this remedy has a record of cures and besides is guaranteed. It never fails to satisfy. Trial bottles free at B. E. Sedberry & Son's Drug Store.

A Household Necessity.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on idneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists. Sold by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

WANTED.

Dreyer Brothers, Chicago's leading Wholesale Custom Tailors, want a representative to sell custom made suits and trousers from samples. Must be energetic and reliable. Address, 242 and 244 Market Street, Chicago, Ill.

October 29, 1897.

The County Commissioners.

Mr. H. de C. Richards of New York, manager of the Water Works Company, appeared before the commissioners this morning in answer to a notification to show cause why the valuation of the water works should not be raised from $24,000 to $35,000. He said that he thought $24,000 a fair valuation, the company was yearly losing money, and that a corporation should be taxed on a basis of its earning capacity and not on the cost of the plant.

Chairman Cotton then explained that the reason for increasing the assessment was based on the statements of a number of gentlemen, including Mayor Cook, as to the value of the plant. The clerk read these statements, one of which placed the valuation for taxation at $45,000. The statement by Mayor Cook was to the effect that he had suggested to Mr. Richards $60,000 as a purchase price for the plant and that Mr. Richards had replied that the plant was not for sale. Mr. Richards replied that he had nothing further to say after that than to beg the commissioners not to run capital away from the county by high assessments, and assuring them that the company had been anxious to sell the plant from the second year of its completion. He asked to be allowed to copy the statements, which he said would be interesting reading for the directors of his company.

The commissioners decided to give Mr. Richards further time to make answer.

Police News.

Marietta Andrews and Albert Russell were tried Saturday before 'Squire Overby on a charge of assaulting Sandy Williams and wife in Stewentown. They were both bound over to keep the peace.

The above named parties, Marietta Andrews and Albert Russell were also bound over to the criminal court for cruelty to an ox the property of Willy Wright.

The Rockingham Fiend Captured.

There is now little doubt but that the man who attempted the outrage in Rockingham last Saturday morning is now safe in jail in Raleigh. A special dispatch to the Wilmington Messenger of this morning from Rockingham says:

"A negro by the name of John Evans was arrested at Lilesville, in Anson county, last night and brought to Rockingham this morning, and was identified as the man who committed the assault on Miss Cole. When the train arrived, a sister of Miss Cole, who had been taken to the depot without knowledge that Evans was to be brought in, pointed him out as soon as she saw him, declaring he was the man. He i a mulatto of the "ginger bread" type, is 5¾ feet high and 30 years old. He belongs in Anson county.

On the morning of the assault on Miss Cole, a negro went into Captain Everett's store and borrowed a brush to clean off his clothes. Since efforts have been made to catch the man who committed the assault, Capt. Everett thought this negro might have been the one, and as he knew where he lived in Anson county, officers went there and arrested him. It turns out that the suspicion was well founded. Evans was carried to Raleigh."

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the systems Regular size 25c. per box. Sold by B. E. Sedberry & Son Druggist.

DIED.

GAINEY.—EDGAR FRANKLIN, son of Mr. Albert Gainey, died at his home near Falcon, Cumberland county, on November 1, 1897, aged 18 years, 2 months and 16 days.

At the age of 12 years Edgar made a profession of faith in Christ and connected himself with Black's Chapel Methodist Church. He bore his long illness with much meekness and christian fortitude, exemplifying the beauties and graces of a true christian character.

With tender sympathy we commend to the sorrowing bereaved the true Comforter who "healeth the broken in heart and bindeth up their wounds." H. L. H.

SOMETHING WORTH SEEING.

The educated dogs and ponies who are to exhibit in this city under a tent at the Ball Park, Saturday, Nov. 6, afternoon at 2:30, night at 8—are thoroughly worth seeing.

Prof. Gentry is said to possess the most valuable collection of dogs and ponies in the world. They are famous for both their beauty and intelligence, There are over one hundred superb specimens of various kinds in the collection, all of whom have been selected for their beauty, and Prof. Gentry has succeeded in educating the entire number to a wonderful degree of intelligence. The exhibition is especially attractive to ladies and children. The prices of admission are: Children. 15c.; adults, 25c.

In Feeble Health

Unable to do Her Work—Nervous and Tired—All These Troubles Cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"For the past four years I have been in feeble health, and for two years past, owing to change of climate, I have not been able to do my work. I was nervous and had a tired feeling and was under the treatment of physicians, but I continually grew worse. My husband insisted on my trying Hood's Sarsaparilla and I finally consented, and began taking it the first of June, 1896. The first bottle did me so much good that I continued with it, and after taking four bottles and one bottle of Hood's Pills I am able to do my work, and the tired, nervous feeling is entirely cured." MRS. G. N. HOSEA, Suwanee, Ga.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is the One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills and Sick Headache, 25c.

THE FAIR.

(Correspondence of the Observer.)

The management of the coming Fair are working like beavers to make the occasion a real old time County Fair. The exhibits promise to be good, and while they do not expect any expensive racing, they expect to see great competition between our home horsemen and our young farmers who are noted for keeping fine stock.

On Wednesday or Thursday of Fair week a very exciting race is expected to take place between two bulls the owners have had in training for some time.

All young farmers and others are cordially invited to enter their horses, mules or bulls for the races during the week.

Of course all the housekeepers in the county are invited to send in exhibits of condiments, preserves, fruits, pickles, cakes, and all other contents of their larders—do this not only for the offered premiums, but as object lessons for their children.

The young ladies are all invited to exhibit their handiwork of refinement, such as paintings, etchings, and fancy work of all kinds. Do this, young ladies, for the encouragement of the rising generation of young girls who will take your places after you become matrons.

The school boys and girls can all contribute something to the exhibition. For this the President of your Fair offers the following special premiums:

First. A 22 calibre Rifle for the best composition by a boy under 12 years of age, on "Girls, and their influence in the school for good or bad."

Second premium. A $2.50 dressed Doll for the best composition by a girl under 12 years of age giving their idea of a Manly Boy. Each composition to be enclosed in an envelope and delivered to Miss Alice Campbell before noon on Wednesday, November 11th, when a committee of experts will be appointed to examine and report by noon of Friday, November 13th.

Third premium. A $1.50 Doll for the best dressed Doll by a little girl under 10 years of age. The work to be done by the exhibitor and the doll to be on exhibition by Wednesday noon.

You need not all buy new dolls to dress, your old ones will do just as well, so long as their faces and hands are clean.

We hope you will all make the coming Fair the ideal County Fair, and the most enjoyable we have ever had. This is your Fair, and it is not held annually for the purpose of any one making money, for every dollar taken in, after paying necessary expenses, will be paid out in prizes and premiums.

We are all overworked and need a few days holiday and enjoyment to recuperate.

All exhibits of Flowers will be taken to the Fair free and returned with care.

Yours truly,
WALTER WATSON.

Bicycle Riding, Fishing, Excursions and Picnics.

Participating in the above all summer and early fall may have been a part of your pleasures, but now the trees are losing their leaves and the nights are getting chilly and you are glad to seek the cosy corners in your house and enjoy indoor pleasures. One of the greatest of these is MUSIC. Have you a good Piano or Organ in your home? If not, can't we interest you to purchase one? Have you not heard of the celebrated Kimball Pianos and Organs? They can be found in the homes of Wm. McKinley, President of the United States; Geo. M. Pullman, the palace car millionaire; Adelina Patti, the queen of song, and thousands of other people of prominence. They are endorsed by the entire musical world and were accorded the highest honors at the World's Fair. For the next two months, in order to reduce a large stock which has accumulated during the recent "hard times" we have decided to sell *one hundred pianos and two hundred organs* at a discount of 33 1-3 per cent. from regular factory price. Write at once for prices and liberal terms to

W. FRANK BLOUNT,
Fayetteville, N. C.

Factory Agent for W. W. Kimball Co., Chicago, Ill. Office at Pemberton's Book Store.

A Trilby Heater will increase the temperature of your rooms to a comfortable degree with half the fuel a fire place takes. If you are in for economy do a little figuring and see how soon you would save enough to pay for a stove.

COOKING STOVES.

Buck's are the best, and they too take less fuel than other stoves. We have i in black and white from entirely distinct terested parties.

HUSKE HARDWARE HOUSE.

Oct 11.

UP TO DATE.

Again it is demonstrated that we are the people for Ladies' Wraps of every discription and

FINE DRESS GOODS.

NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS.

New Line of Swell Roman Striped Percales in To-Day.

The Big Store,

Frank Thornton Dry Goods Co.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria

Interesting Visitors.

Rev. Calvin K. Cumming, Mrs. Cumming and child, Missionaries of the Southern Presbyterian church at Uaqoya, Japan, arrived in the city this afternoon and are the guests of Rev. H. T. Graham on Dick street.

LEON J. BRANDT,

COTTON BUYER,

Hay Street,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

A. B. WILLIAMS,

COTTON BUYER,

HAY STREET,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

FAYETTEVILLE MARKETS.

COTTON.

Middling,	5¼
Good Middling,	5¼
Tinges and Stains,	
Market—weak.	

NAVAL STORES.

Spirits,	27c
Common Rosin,	80
Virgin,	1 80
Yellow Dip,	1 60

PRODUCE

Extra Flour—sack,	$200@ 230
Family Flour—sack,	275
Hides—dry—per lb.	5@8
" —green—per lb.	@3½
Wool—washed	6@20
Bacon—hog round per lb—	7½
" —ham	10½@12
" —sides	7½@8
" —shoulders	5½@6
Oats—32 lbs per bushel	35@40
Peas—clay	55@60
" —mixed	65
Meal—bolted—44 lbs per bushel	45@55
" —unbolted—48 lbs per bushel	50@50
Corn—old—56 lbs per bushel	50
Onions—select—per bushel	60@60
Lard—N. C.	7½
Tallow	2½@4
Ducks	15@18
Hens—per head	25
Spring chickens	10 a 18
Roosters—per head	15 a 20
Turkeys—per lb	8½ a 6
Guineas	15
Geese	25 a 30
Butter—choice yellow	12 a 15
Honey—strained—per lb	9 a 10
" —comb—per lb	8 a 13
Eggs—hen—	10
Feathers—new	35 a 40

Cumberland County, N. C., Oct. 4, 1897.

The rapid increasing demand proves that Goose Grease Liniment is the greatest known remedy for all Aches and Pains, Rheumatism, Croup, Colds, Coughs, etc. It is for man or beast.

Needs No Explanation.

MADISON, N. C., Aug. 4, '97.

Goose Grease Liniment Co., Greensboro, N. C.:

Dear Sirs:—Please ship us at once one gross Goose Grease Liniment. We are entirely out. Don't fail to ship at once. Please give us jobbers' prices. It is the best thing we have ever seen.

Yours truly,
W. C. JONES & Co.

FOR SALE.

On Wednesday, the 17th day of November, we will offer for sale at the Market House, in the city of Fayetteville, N. C., at 12 o'clock M., one hundred and fifty shares of the capital stock of the Carolina Cooperage Company, located at Wilmington, N. C, said stock having been pledged as security for the payment of notes held by us. Terms cash.

The Bank of Fayetteville,
H. W. LILLY, President.

Oct. 28, 1897.

Notice of Sale Under Mortgage.

By virtue of the power and authority given by a certain mortgage, executed by McD. Geddie and R. M. Nimocks to The Bank of Fayetteville, which is recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Cumberland County, in Book W, No. 4, Page 340, the following property will be exposed to sale by public auction, viz:

1st Tract—Beginning at a maple in a swamp in Duncan McLaurin's line near Hay's corner, then N 51 E 40 chs to a maple in McLaurin's line then N 59 W 39 chs to a pine, then S 42 W 7 chs to a holly, then S 26 W 29 chs, then to beginning, containing 120 acres.

2nd Tract—Beginning at a pine stump, John McLaurin's corner, and runs with his back line S 55 W 49 chs to his corner of 120 acres in the old line of 200, then with the line of 120 acres N 52 E 46 chs to a maple and the corner of the 120 acres and a corner of John Ingram's land, then to the beginning, containing 7 acres, subject to former conveyances.

3rd Tract—Beginning on the plank road at Mrs. Cain's and McLaurin's corner, where formerly stood a pine, then with McLaurin's line N 10 E 16 chs 15 lks to Almon's then as it N 80 W 79 chs to a stake in the marsh, then S 10 W 2 chs to a stake near the church in the marsh, then S 30 W 36 chs to a stake in Williford's line, then as it S 35 E 3 chs to a stake, then S 65 E 31 chs to a stake and pointers near the mill pond, then N 42 E 12½ chs to a stake, then S 82 E 5 chs to a stake and pointers, then N 40 E 7½ chs to a pine stump, then N 30 W to beginning containing 148 acres.

4th Tract—Beginning at a stake in rear of Tyrrell's creek, then N 32 W 5 chs 75 lks to a pine side of the creek, then N 42 E 16 chs 45 links to a persimmon, then N 50 W 9½ chs to a stake, then S 25 W 18 chs 25 lks to a gum, then S 19 W 6 chs to a stake to run of creek, thence up meanders of creek to beginning, containing 21 acres. Also Mill, Gin and Machinery located on said lands.

Place of sale: Market House,
Time of sale: Monday, Nov. 29th.
Terms of sale: Cash.

THE BANK OF FAYETTEVILLE,
H. W. Lilly, Pres't.

C. W. BROADFOOT, Att'y.
Oct. 26, 1897.

Administrator's Sale.

By virtue of an order of the Superior Court of Cumberland County made October 16th, 1897, in a case pending therein, entitled, J. H. Marsh, administrator of M. Faulk, deceased, against J. W. Sellars and J. T. Sellars I will on Monday, the 15th day of November, 1897, for the purpose of making real estate assets, sell to the highest bidder, at the Court House, in Fayetteville, at 12 m., the following valuable real estate, viz. One half interest in store No. 41 on Person street, Fayetteville, N. C.

One vacant lot on Person street near the Half way Bridge.

One house and lot on Bow street, adjoining the Martin house, subject to the life estate of Lucinda Murchison.

One half interest in that valuable plantation on the West side of Cape Fear river, about four miles from Fayetteville, known as the Orrell place, containing 160 acres.

Terms of sale one half cash, blance in three months. Title retained until full purchase money is paid. J. H. MARSH

Administrator of M Faulk.

Geo. M. ROSE, Attorney.

NURSERY STOCK

To suit all demands. Texas Blue grass, (Evergreen)—The best for Lawn, Sod or Winter Pasture.

Address J. S. BREECE,
Fayetteville, N. C.

November 4th.

Fair at Fayetteville, N. C.

The 35th Annual Fair of the Cumberland County Agricultural Society will be held at Fayetteville, on November 10th, 11th, and 12th, 1897.

A fine display of Agricultural Products and Fine Fancy Articles the hand work of our fair ladies will be exhibited.

Horse Racing and other Amusements.

Excursion Trains on all the Railroads at Reduced Rates.

We expect a Good Fair and a Large Attendance of Visitors.

For Premium List and other information apply to the Secretary-Treasurer.

WALTER WATSON, President.

G. W. LAWRENCE, Sec-Treas'r.

Air-Tight Heaters

For Offices, Parlors, Sitting Rooms, Dining and Bed Rooms—quick starting and simple in construction. Prices from $3.00 up. Saves fuel and keeps room comfortable all night.

CROCKERY AND CHINA.

A full and varied assortment, comprising everything useful to the housekeeper.

LAMP DEPARTMENT.

Our Lamp Department is complete, from the most beautiful Parlor Lamp to the ordinary Dining and Sitting Room Lamp. We also carry in stock Hanging Lamps, Library Lamps, Parlor Lamps, Banquet Lamps, and many others too numerous to mention.

Pocket and Table Cutlery,

STOVES.

A complete line of Cooking and Heating Stoves, such as Excelsior, Farmer Girl and many other brands. Prices to suit the trade.

STOVEPIPE, ELBOWS, &c.

COUNTRY HOLLOWWARE.—Pots, Spiders and Skillets, Stove Pans, &c.

We sell the celebrated Douglass Pumps with brass seats—never known to fail, Pipe and Pipe Fittings.

All the above goods will be sold cheap for cash. An inspection of same is invited by

McMillan's Crockery and Stove Departments,

Person Street,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

NO SUBSTITUTION IN DRUGS

with us. Our prescriptions are filled with fresh drugs that are absolutely pure and compounded with the utmost care. We have a reputation to maintain in this direction, and take no chances in the filling of your prescriptions. We guarantee both quality and quantity in all our goods. We want your prescription trade and will fill it to the letter.

KING BROS.,
Hotel LaFayette
Fayetteville, N. C.

IT STANDS ALONE

for perfection of laundry work when your shirt is laundered by us, just as our laundry stands alone for excellence of work turned out. Your linen isn't injured here from chemicals or improper handling. Only skilled assistants are employed, and you can't beat it for beauty of color and perfection of polish.

LEDBETTER BROS.

NOTICE.

To wind up our trust we will sell at public auction on November 15th, at 12 M., at the Court House for cash, all of the book accounts due John F. Clark.

I. A. MURCHISON,
W. J. McDIARMID,
Oct. 23, 1887. Assignees.

THE ÆTNA

Is the Strongest American Fire Insurance Co.

Has been doing business continuously since 1819.

Her Reputation is the best to-day.

Over Ten Million Dollars Assets.

Take out a policy on your property

B. R. HUSKE, Agent

DO YOU NEED A JARPET?

Go to Newberry's Furniture Store and see New Samples—UP TO DATE. Made fresh. Just from the looms, from John & James Dobson, largest carpet factory in the United States; not old goods, bought from auction houses and brokers. There you will see by sample 10,000 dollars worth of Hall & Stair carpets, all grades, and at low prices; Shown by samples. Goods delivered in 4 to 6 days from date of order. No middle man's profit. You will find at Newberry's Furniture Store a large stock of Furniture and Parlor, Hall and Sitting-room necessities. Such as fine lace curtains, matting, pictures and easels, chamber sets, with or without slop jars, rugs, clocks, mantel mirrors, etc., etc.

The very finest. The ne plus ultra The creme de la creme. That's HARPER Whiskey in three languages.

SOLD IN
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

HOW TO FIND OUT.

Fill a bottle or common glass with urine and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys. When urine stains linen it is evidence of kidney trouble. Too frequent desire to urinate or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

WHAT TO DO.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, fulfils every wish in relieving pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passages. It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to get up many times during the night to urinate. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists, price fifty cents and one dollar. You may have a sample bottle and pamphlet both sent free by mail. Mention the OBSERVER and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

Small pill, safe pill, best pill. De Witt's Little Early Risers cure biliousness, constipation, sick headache. KING BROS.

The Ring is Widening,

SO IS MY LIVERY AND HOTEL BUSINESS.

Grapes all gone, but Plenty of WOOD.

J. M. GODDARD

Marriage of General Manager Fry.

A dispatch from Winston published in Thursdad morning's papers has the following account of the marriage of Capt. J. Walker Fry, general manager of the C. F. & Y. V., a gentleman exceedingly popular with railroad officials and employes and, in fact, with everyone who knows him:

A pretty home wedding was celebrated at the Presbyterian manse here at 6 o'clock this evening, the contracting parties being Capt. J. W. Fry, of Greensboro, general manager of the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railroad, and Miss Nannie Caldwell, an accomplished young lady of this city. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Robert C. Caldwell, pastor of the First Presbyterian church and brother of the bride. Capt. Fry arrived here at 5 o'clock on a special train. He was accompanied by a party of friends, including Mr. W. J. Croswell, superintendent of the Southern Express Company of Wilmington; Capt. W. E. Kyle, general passenger agent of the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railroad; Mr. R. W. Bidgood, an official of the same road; Capt. Edmund Berkley, superintendent of the Seaboard Air Line, located at Atlanta; Capt. Will Dodson, conductor on the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley, and Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Fry and two children, of Greensboro.

Capt. and Mrs. D. H. Barger, of Roanoke, and Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Jones, of Greensboro, also witnessed the nuptials.

After the ceremony supper was served to the wedding party.

At 8 o'clock Capt. and Mrs. Fry left for a bridal trip to northern cities and Canada.

They will reside in Greensboro, where Capt. Fry has a lovely home.

What a Little World.

A Washington telegram of Tuesday says:

"Karl Decker, who rescued Miss Cisneros from a prison in Havana, was the guest of honor at a dinner given in his honor tonight by his fellow newspaper workers of Washington. The decorations of the banquet room were of a most elaborate character in which chrysanthemums and palms predominated. Nearly 100 guests were present, among them being a number of Mr. Decker's intimate friends not engaged in newspaper work. The guest of honor sat at the head of the table and Mr. Angus McSween introduced Mr. Harry L. Merrick, who acted as toastmaster. Amos J. Cummings, of New York, Mr. Decker and others made speeches."

Our townsman, Mr. E. P. Powers, called our attention to the above and informs us that the now world-famous Karl Decker is a son of Capt. Decker, who was stationed at the U. S. Arsenal here during the war, being in command of a Company of Confederate Troops.

A Flag for the Court House.

The court house is to have a flag for the heretofore useless pole on its northern spire.

Thursday morning a Canadian sailor who was passing through the city on his way from Norfolk to Wilmington, agreed to string a wire rope through the top of the pole for a small consideration. The wire rope was secured, and the sailor as the most convenient way, climbed up the gutter from the ground to the roof of the building. He then ran up the steep incline of the spire like a cat, and wrapping himself around the pole, skinned up 12 feet in the twinkling of an eye. At that dizzy height, where few of us would venture for the largest fortune, this hardy jack tar bored a hole through the pole with an auger and passing the wire through it, descended like "greased lightning."

The Old Court House Ghost.

Jim Reeves, the La Fayette's head waiter, "shys" the court house square in going or coming from home at night if unaccompanied, and will go a mile out of his way to avoid another encounter with the "terrible white ghost." Jim tells of a fearful looking ghost which accosted him as he was crossing the square one dark night last week, peeped into his face and laughed until the ground shook. Jim trembles when he thinks what might have happened, but for the tinkling of a mysterious bell, at which the white robed spirit vanished.

A New Restaurant.

Messrs. McIver & McDonald's "city cafe" on Gillespie street is handsomely fitted up and will no doubt fill the want for a first class restaurant.

Pain-Killer.

(PERRY DAVIS'.)

A Sure and Safe Remedy in every case and every kind of Bowel Complaint is

Pain-Killer.

This is a true statement and it can't be made too strong or too emphatic.

It is a simple, safe and quick cure for

Cramps, Cough, Rheumatism, Colic, Colds, Neuralgia, Diarrhœa, Croup, Toothache.

TWO SIZES, 25c. and 50c.

NO CURE—NO PAY.

That is the way all druggists sell GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC for Chills and Malaria. It is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. Children love it. Adults prefer it to bitter nauseating tonics. Price, 50c.

Guaranteed and for sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

Secret of Beauty

is health. The secret of health is the power to digest and assimilate a proper quanity of food. This can never be done when the liver does not act it's part.

Do you know this?

Tutt's Liver Pills are an absolute cure for sick headache, dyspepsia, sour stomach, malaria, constipation, torpid liver, piles, jaundice, bilious fever, biliousness and kindred diseases.

Tutt's Liver Pills

ALL LIES ARE BLACK

REV. DR. TALMAGE SAYS THERE ARE NO WHITE ONES.

He Refers Specially to a Variety of Liars and In Closing Draws a Remarkably Graphic Picture of a Masquerade Ball.

[Copyright, 1897, by American Press Association.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—Dr. Talmage in this discourse gives a vivid classification of the vices of speech and pleads for honesty in all that is said and done. His text is Acts v, 1-10, "A certain man named Ananias, with Sapphira his wife, sold a possession," etc.

A well matched pair, alike in ambition and in falsehood, Ananias and Sapphira! They wanted a reputation for great beneficence, and they sold all their property, pretending to put the entire proceeds in the charity fund, while they put much of it in their own pocket. There was no necessity that they give all their property away, but they wanted the reputation of so doing. Ananias first lied about it and dropped down dead. Then Sapphira lied about it, and she dropped down dead—the two fatalities a warning to all ages of the danger of sacrificing the truth.

There are thousands of ways of telling a lie. A man's whole life may be a falsehood and yet never with his lips may he falsify once. There is a way of uttering falsehood by look, by manner, as well as by lip. There are persons who are guilty of dishonesty of speech and then afterward say "may be," calling it a white lie, when no lie is that color. The whitest lie ever told was as black as perdition. There are those so given to dishonesty of speech that they do not know when they are lying. With some it is an acquired sin, and with others it is a natural infirmity. There are those whom you will recognize as born liars. Their whole life, from cradle to grave, is filled up with vice of speech. Misrepresentation and prevarication are as natural to them as the infantile diseases and are a sort of moral croup or spiritual scarlatina.

Then there are those who in after life have opportunities of developing this evil, and they go from deception to deception and from class to class until they are regularly graduated liars. At times the air in our cities is filled with falsehood and lies cluster around the mechanic's hammer, blossom on the merchant's yardstick and sometimes sit in the doors of churches. They are called by some fabrication, and they are called by some fiction. You might call them subterfuge or deceit or romance or fable or misrepresentation or delusion, but as I know nothing to be gained by covering up a God defying sin with a lexicographer's blanket I shall call them in plainest vernacular lies. They may be divided into agricultural, commercial, mechanical, social and ecclesiastical.

The Lying Farmer.

First of all, I speak of agricultural falsehoods. There is something in the presence of natural objects that has a tendency to make one pure. The trees never issue false stock. The wheatfields are always honest. Rye and oats never move out in the night, not paying for the place they occupy. Corn shocks never make false assignment. Mountain brooks are always current. The gold of the wheatfields is never counterfeit, but while the tendency of agricultural life is to make one honest, honesty is not the characteristic of all who come to the city markets from the country districts. You hear the creaking of the dishonest farm wagon in almost every street of our great cities—a farm wagon in which there is not one honest spoke or one truthful rivet, from tongue to tailboard. Again and again has domestic economy in our great cities foundered on the farmer's firkin. When New York and Washington sit down and weep over their sins, let Westchester county and the neighborhoods around this capital sit down and weep over theirs.

The tendency in all rural districts is to suppose that sins and transgressions cluster in our great cities, but citizens and merchants long ago learned that it is not safe to calculate from the character of the apples on the top of the farmer's barrel what is the character of the apples all the way down toward the bottom. Many of our citizens and merchants have learned that it is always safe to see the farmer measure the barrel of beets. Milk cans are not always honest. There are those who in country life seem to think they have a right to overreach grain dealers and merchants of all styles. They think it is more honorable to raise corn than to deal in corn. The producer sometimes practically says to the merchant, "You get your money easily anyhow." Does he get it easily? While the farmer sleeps—and he may go to sleep conscious of the fact that his corn and rye are all the time progressing and adding to his fortune or his livelihood—the merchant tries to sleep, while conscious of the fact that at that moment the ship may be driving on the rock or a wave sweeping over the hurricane deck spoiling his goods, or the speculators may be plotting a monetary revolution, or the burglars may be at that moment at his money safe, or the fire may have kindled on the very block where his store stands.

Easy, is it? Let those who get their living in the quiet farm and barn take the place of one of our city merchants and see whether it is so easy. It is hard enough to have the hands blistered with outdoor work, but it is harder with mental anxieties to have the brain consumed. God help the merchants, and do not let those who live in country life come to the conclusion that all the dishonesties belong to city life.

The Lying Merchant.

I pass on to consider commercial lies. There are those who apologize for deviations from the right and for practical deception by saying it is commercial custom. In other words, a lie by multiplication becomes a virtue. There are large fortunes gathered in which there is not one drop of the sweat of unrequited toil, and not one spark of bad temper flashes from the bronze bracket, and there is not one drop of needlewoman's heart's blood on the crimson plush, while there are other fortunes about which it may be said that on every doorknob, and on every figure of the carpet, and on every wall there is the mark of dishonor. What if the hand wrung by toil and blistered until the skin comes off should be placed on the exquisite wall paper, leaving its mark of blood—four fingers and a thumb—or if in the night the man should be aroused from his slumber again and again by his own conscience, getting himself up on elbow and crying out into the darkness, "Who is there?"

There are large fortunes upon which God's favor comes down, and it is just as honest and just as Christian to be affluent as it is to be poor. In many a house there is a blessing on every pictured wall and on every scroll and on every traceried window, and the joy that flashes in the lights and that showers in the music and that dances in the quick feet of the children pattering through the hall has in it the favor of God and the approval of man, and there are thousands and tens of thousands of merchants who, from the first day they sold a yard of cloth or firkin of butter, have maintained their integrity. They were born honest, they will live honest and they will die honest, but you and I know that there are in commercial life those who are guilty of great dishonesties of speech. A merchant says, "I am selling these goods at less than cost." Is he getting for those goods a price inferior to that which he paid for them? Then he has spoken the truth. Is he getting more? Then he lies. A merchant says, "I paid $25 for this article." Is that the price he paid for it? All right. But suppose he paid for it $23 instead of $25? Then he lies.

But there are just as many falsehoods before the counter as there are behind the counter. A customer comes in and asks, "How much is this article?" "It is $5." "I can get that for $4 somewhere else." Can he get it for $4 somewhere else, or did he say that just for the purpose of getting it cheap by depreciating the value of the goods? If so, he lied. There are just as many falsehoods before the counter as there are behind the counter.

A man unrolls upon the counter a bale of handkerchiefs. The customer says, "Are these all silk?" "Yes." "No cotton in them?" "No cotton in them." Are those handkerchiefs all silk? Then the merchant told the truth. Is there any cotton in them? Then he lied. Moreover, he defrauds himself, for this customer coming in will after awhile find out that he has been defrauded, and the next time he comes to town and goes shopping he will look up at that sign and say: "No, I won't go there. That's the place where I got those handkerchiefs." First, the merchant insulted God, and, secondly, he picked his own pocket.

Who would take the responsibility of saying how many falsehoods were yesterday told by hardware men and clothiers and lumbermen and tobacconists and jewelers and importers and shippers and dealers in furniture and dealers in coal and dealers in groceries? Lies about buckles, about saddles, about harness, about shoes, about hats, about coats, about shovels, about tongs, about forks, about chairs, about sofas, about horses, about lands, about everything. I arraign commercial falsehood as one of the crying sins of our time.

The Lying Mechanic.

I pass on to speak of mechanical falsehoods. Among the artisans are those upon whom we are dependent for the houses in which we live, the garments we wear, the cars in which we ride. The vast majority of them are, so far as I know them, men who speak the truth, and they are upright, and many of them are foremost in great philanthropies and in churches, but that they all do not belong to that class every one knows. In times when there is a great demand for labor it is not so easy for such men to keep their obligations, because they may miscalculate in regard to the weather, or they may not be able to get the help they anticipated in their enterprise. I am speaking now of those who promise to do that which they know they will not be able to do. They say they will come on Monday; they do not come until Wednesday. They say they will come on Wednesday; they do not come until Saturday. They say they will have the job done in 10 days; they do not get it done before 30. And when a man becomes irritated and will not stand it any longer, then they go and work for him a day or two and keep the job along, and then some one else gets irritated and outraged and they go and work for that man and get him pacified, and then they go somewhere else. I believe they call that "nursing the job."

Ah, my friends, how much dishonor such men would save their souls if they would promise to do only that which they know they can do. "Oh," they say, "it's of no importance; everybody expects to be deceived and disappointed." There is a voice of thunder sounding among the saws and the hammers and the shears, saying, "All liars shall have their place in the lake that burns with fire and brimstone."

The Society Lie.

I pass on to speak of social lies. How much of society is insincere? You hardly know what to believe. They send their regards. You do not exactly know whether it is an expression of the heart or an external civility. They ask you to come to their house; you hardly know whether they really want you to come. We are all accustomed to take a discount off what we hear. "Not at home" very often means too lazy to dress. I was reading of a lady who said she had told her last fashionable lie. There was a knock at her door and she sent word down, "Not at home." That night her husband said to her, "Mrs. So-and-so is dead." "Is it possible?" she said. "Yes, and she died in great anguish of mind. She wanted to see you so very much. She had something very important to disclose to you in her last hour, and she sent three times today, but found you absent every time." Then this woman bethought herself that she had had a bargain with her neighbor that when the long protracted sickness was about to come to an end she would appear at her bedside and take the secret that was to be disclosed. And she had said she was "not at home."

Social life is struck through with insincerity. They apologize for the fact that the furnace is out; they have not had any fire in it all winter. They apologize for the fare on their table; they never live any better. They decry their most luxuriant entertainment to win a shower of approval from you. They point at a picture on the wall as a work of one of the old masters. They say it is an heirloom in the family. It hung on the wall of a castle. A duke gave it to their grandfather! People that will lie about nothing else will lie about a picture. On small income we want the world to believe we are affluent, and society today is struck through with cheat and counterfeit and sham.

How few people are natural! Frigidity sails around, iceberg grinding against iceberg. You must not laugh outright; that is vulgar. You must smile. You must not dash quickly across the room; that is vulgar. You must glide. Much of society is a round of bows and grins and grimaces and ohs and ahs and he, he, hes and simperings and namby pambyism, a whole world of which is not worth one good honest round of laughter. From such a hollow scene the tortured guest retires at the close of the evening, assuring the host that he has enjoyed himself. Society is become so contorted and deformed in this respect that a mountain cabin where the rustics gather at a quilting or an apple paring has in it more good cheer than all the frescoed refrigerators of the metropolis.

The Church Lie.

I pass on to speak of ecclesiastical lies, those which are told for the advancement or retarding of a church or sect. It is hardly worth your while to ask an extreme Calvinist what an Arminian believes. He will tell you that an Arminian believes that man can save himself. An Arminian believes no such thing. It is hardly worth your while to ask an extreme Arminian what a Calvinist believes. He will tell you that a Calvinist believes that God made some men just to damn them. A Calvinist believes no such thing. It is hardly worth your while to ask a Pedo-Baptist what a Baptist believes. He will tell you a Baptist believes that immersion is necessary for salvation. A Baptist does not believe any such thing. It is hardly worth your while to ask a man who very much hates Presbyterians what a Presbyterian believes. He will tell you that a Presbyterian believes that there are infants in hell a span long, and that very phraseology has come down from generation to generation in the Christian church. There never was a Presbyterian who believed that. "Oh," you say, "I heard some Presbyterian minister 20 years ago say so!" You did not. There never was a man who believed that, there never will be a man who will believe that, and yet from boyhood I have heard that particular slander against a Christian church going down through the community.

Then how often it is that there are misrepresentations on the part of individual churches in regard to other churches—especially if a church comes to great prosperity. As long as a church is in poverty, and the singing is poor, and all the surroundings are decrepit, and the congregation are so hardly bestead in life that their pastor goes with elbows out, then there will always be Christian people in churches who say, "What a pity, what a pity!" But let the day of prosperity come to a Christian church, and let the music be triumphant and let there be vast assemblages, and then there will be even ministers of the gospel critical and denunciatory and full of misrepresentation and falsification, giving the impression to the outside world that they do not like the corn because it is not ground in their mill. Oh, my friends, let us in all departments of life stand back from deception.

But some one says, "The deception that I practice is so small that it don't amount to anything." Ah, my friends, it does amount to a great deal! You say, "When I deceive, it is only about a case of needles or a box of buttons or a row of pins." But the article may be so small you can put it in your vest pocket, but the sin is as big as the pyramids, and the echo of your dishonor will reverberate through the mountains of eternity. There is no such thing as a small sin. They are all vast and stupendous, because they will all have to come under inspection in the day of judgment. You may boast yourself of having made a fine bargain a sharp bargain. You may carry out what the Bible says in regard to that man who went in to make a purchase and depreciated the value of the goods and then after he had got away boasted of the splendid bargain he had made. "It is naught, it is naught, saith the buyer, but when he is gone his way then he boasteth." It may seem to the world a sharp bargain, but the recording angel wrote down in the ponderous tomes of eternity, "Mr. So-and-so, doing business on Pennsylvania avenue, or Broadway, or Chestnut street, or State street, told one lie."

The Masquerade.

May God extirpate from society all the ecclesiastical lies, and all the social lies, and all the mechanical lies, and all the commercial lies, and all the agricultural lies, and make every man to speak the truth of his neighbor. My friends, let us make our life correspond to what we are. Let us banish all deception from our behavior. Let us remember that the time comes when God will demonstrate before an assembled universe just what we are. The secret will come out. We may hide it while we live, but we cannot hide it when we die. To many life is a masquerade ball. As at such entertainment gentlemen and ladies appear in garb of kings or queens or mountain bandits or clowns and then at the close of the dance put off their disguise, so many all through life are in mask. The masquerade ball goes on, and gemmed hand clasps gemmed hand, and dancing feet respond to dancing feet, and gleaming brow bends to gleaming brow, and the masquerade ball goes bravely on, but after awhile languor comes and blurs the sight. Lights lower. Floor hollow with sepulchral echo. Music saddens into a wail. Lights lower. Now the masquerade is hardly seen. The fragrance is exchanged for the sickening odor of garlands that have lain a long while in the damp of sepulchers. Lights lower. Mists fill the room. The scarf drops from the shoulder of beauty, a shroud. Lights lower. Torn leaves and withered garlands now hardly cover up the ulcered feet. Stench of lamp wicks almost quenched. Choking dampness. Chilliness. Feet still. Hands folded. Eyes shut. Voice hushed. Lights out.

A Democratic Prince.

Several years ago Prince Oscar of Sweden, a nephew of the present king, shocked court circles by declaring that he intended to marry Miss Ebba Monk, a young lady of patrician birth, but yet far below him in rank. The king protested and even refused to permit the marriage, whereupon Prince Oscar declared that he would yield his title and resign all rights of succession, but that marry Miss Monk he certainly would.

The marriage was celebrated in due time, and Prince Oscar has never been seen in the royal circles since. The king and queen have maintained friendly but distant relations with their democratic nephew, who is known simply as Prince Oscar, and who is immensely popular with the people because of his philanthropy.

Prince Oscar and his wife have been devoted to causes of charity and benevolence, but recently have created a second sensation by joining the ranks of the Salvation Army. The prince and his wife hold regular open air meetings according to the methods of the army. The prince exhorts, and he and his wife lead in the street singing.

A Great Time For Discoveries.

Thomas A. Edison was asked the other day what he thought of those Chicago men who claim to be manufacturing gold from the baser metals.

The inventor did not reply categorically to the question, but he smiled significantly and picked up from his desk a cablegram which had just been received from Italy. The dispatch read:

"To Edison, Orange, N. J.: Have invented perpetual motion. Will you help me perfect it?"

"You will notice," he said, with a faraway look, "that a great many remarkable discoveries are being made this year."—Chicago Times-Herald.

BROTHERS REUNITED.

They Found Each Other at a Recent Reunion of Confederate Veterans.

A very pathetic incident that occurred during the recent reunion of Confederate veterans held in this city was related by a prominent state official.

One night at a late hour the manager of one of the leading hotels in this city walked into the rotunda of his hostelry and observed an old Confederate who appeared to be sleeping in a chair. He noticed that he was assigned to that hotel by a certain badge he wore, and being himself an ex-Johnny Reb, he decided to render the veteran a service by waking him and taking him to his room.

As he touched the veteran he observed that he had spent some time in worship at the shrine of Bacchus and at that time was just recovering vigorous mentality. While this scene was being enacted another veteran, who happened to be passing, stopped close by, as did the gentleman who told the story.

"Hello, Johnny Reb! Have you secured a room?" asked the hotel manager.

"Yes," replied the awakened man, with apparent surprise.

"What is your name?"

"My name is Joe ——."

"What regiment were you with?"

"I was with —— regiment and fought with the Army of Virginia."

At this juncture the veteran who was standing by approached the two and asked the man:

"What did you say your name is?"

"My name is Joe ——," again replied the man.

"Where did you enter the army from?"

"I enlisted at —— in ——," replied the now astonished man.

As he replied to the last question the other man fell into his arms, weeping, and said, "Joe, don't you know me?"

The veteran pushed him off, presuming that he, too, was in a turbulent state of mind caused by imbibing drinks other than water.

The man would not be pushed off, and in his sobs said: "Joe, don't you know me? This is John."

"You are not John, for he was killed at Manassas," said the now thoroughly awakened and much astonished man.

"Joe, I am your brother John. I was not killed at the battle of Manassas, and ever since the war I have looked all over the United States for you."

Convinced at last, the long lost brothers, locked in each other's embrace, stood and wept like children. They went to a room in the hotel and doubtless talked all night. All next day they were seen, walking arm in arm, with glowing faces, and relating to every one the fact of their coming together after such a long separation.—Nashville Banner.

The Baron Refused a Tip.

The story is told of an American who, on sailing away from England, addressed the crowd at the steamer's dock, asking if there was a man in the country to whom he had failed to give a shilling as a tip, as that was the time to speak. P. D. Armour of Chicago must have had a very similar experience in Germany. He recently returned from a summer vacation at Carlsbad. Baron Kissingen, one of the richest noblemen in Germany and a great lover of horses, was at the springs at the time of the Chicago millionaire's visit. Near Carlsbad the baron kept half a hundred magnificent horses. Mr. Armour, with an American friend, went out to visit the stable. A custodian to whom they applied granted permission. "Can you give us some one to show the horses?" asked Mr. Armour. The custodian looked about. Near one of the stalls stood a plain looking man, and the custodian said, "I think he will show you the horses." The plain looking man did show them, and did it well. He knew the horses by name, with their pedigrees, and he told all about them.

It happened that Mr. Armour always carries in his coat pocket when he is in Europe a number of silver coins, which he distributes among people who are good to him. So when it was all over he fished out about half a pint of coins and tendered them to the plain looking man. The latter, with an amused sort of smile, declined, but waved the American to the stable boys as people who commonly made small objection to such favors. "I am Baron Kissingen," said the plain man, simply but graciously. "I am glad to know you," said Mr. Armour. "Not only because you have the finest lot of horses I have ever seen in the country, but because you are the first person I have found in this country who has refused to take a tip."—Troy Times.

A Question of Degree.

Some years ago, says Little Folks, it became the duty of a certain nobleman to wait upon the queen while she was in residence at Balmoral. A friend having asked his lordship to engage a skilled piper for him, the peer thought that the queen's own piper was the best man to consult upon the matter, and accordingly he sought for an interview with him. The piper, a grand sample of a highlander and a fine player besides, asked what sort of a piper was wanted and was told in reply, "Oh, just one like yourself!" whereupon the haughty highlander remarked, "There are plenty lords like yoursel', but very few sic' pipers as me."

The Tortured Horse.

Now that horses are passing away before the trolley, the cable, the bicycle and the horseless carriage many horse owners are learning for the first time that the use of sunbonnets on horses has materially decreased the mortality among them in Europe. The horses must present a droll appearance with their faces peering out of their straw bonnets, their ears also being visible through holes made for the purpose. Before the horse becomes quite extinct as a draft animal the sunbonnet might be used with advantage to lessen the misery of his remaining summers.

The passing of the horse, by the way, is very generally deplored. However, no lover of animals will grieve over his ceasing to be. Nature was very cruel when she made horses. The victim ever of man's ignorance, and until late years the victim also of his unchecked brutality, the victim also of his pleasurings and his gambling, the horse—denied the power possessed by other domestic animals, such as the cat and the dog, of voicing its anguish—has led a life of ghastly tragedy. Very occasionally from birth to death he has been well cared for. But the common lot of the horse has been the tortured fate of any sensitive creature at the mercy of that most cruel of created things—mankind. The passing of the horse will very appreciably lessen the total of the world's suffering. Vogue.

Pennibs—If you could own any copyright you wished, which would you choose—the most successful play or the most successful novel?

Spacer — Neither. I'd choose the mother-in-law joke.—Brooklyn Life.

Death in Quewhiffle.

Mrs. Sarah Campbell died Wednesday evening at her home in Quewhiffle Township, in the 88th year of her age.

The funeral will take place to-morrow at 12 o'clock noon from Sandy Grove church.

Mysterious Death at Hope Mills.

An unknown negro was found dead in the C. F. & Y. V. section house at Hope Mills Thursda morning. The man appears to have been dead several days. How he met his death or got into the section house is a mystery.

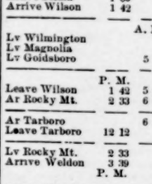
Twenty-five Ounce Pears.

Mr. M. Bil sent to the Maxton Fair for exhibition last week seven Kiefer pears each weighing one pound and nine ounces.

Too Much Knife!

The use of the surgeon's knife is becoming so general, resulting fatally in such a large number of cases, as to occasion general alarm.

Mr. William Walpole, of Walshtown, South Dakota, writes; "About three years ago, there came under my left eye a little blotch about the size of a small pea. It grew rapidly, and shooting pains ran in every direction. I became alarmed and consulted a good doctor, who pronounced it cancer, and said that it must be cut out. This I would not consent to, having little faith in the indiscriminate use of the knife. Reading of the many cures made by S. S. S., I determined to give that medicine a trial, and after I had taken it a few days, the cancer became irritated and began to discharge. This after awhile ceased, leaving a small scab, which finally dropped off, and only a healthy little scar remained to mark the place where the destroyer had held full sway.



A Real Blood Remedy.

Cancer is in the blood and it is folly to expect an operation to cure it. S.S.S. (*guaranteed purely vegetable*) is a real remedy for every disease of the blood. Books mailed free; address Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

SSS

Wilmington & Weldon Rail Road

AND BRANCHES

AND FLORENCE RAILROAD.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DATED Sep. 23, 1897.	No 23, Daily.	No 35, Daily.	No 101, Dy. ex. Sunday	No 41, Daily.	No 69, Daily.
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Leave Weldon	11 50	9 43			
Ar Rocky Mt.	12 52	10 35			
Leave Tarboro	12 12		6 01		
Lv Rocky Mt.	12 52	10 35	6 35	5 45	12 45
Leave Wilson	2 06	11 16	7 17	6 22	2 12
Leave Selma	3 00	.....			
Lv Fayetteville	4 40	1 14			
Ar Florence	7 35	3 55			
	P. M.	A. M.			
Ar Goldsboro	.....	.....	8 00	.....	.....
Lv Goldsboro	.....	.....	.....	7 01	3 10
Lv Magnolia	.....	.....	.....	8 05	4 16
Ar Wilmington	.....	.....	.....	9 30	5 45
			P. M.	A. M.	P. M.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No 78 Daily	No. 102, Dy ex. Sunday.	No 32, Daily.	No 40 Daily.	No 68, Daily
	A. M.		P. M.		P. M.
Lv Florence	8 45		8 15		
Lv Fayetteville	11 20		10 20		
Leave Selma	1 00				
Arrive Wilson	1 42		12 10		
		A. M.		P. M.	A. M.
Lv Wilmington				7 15	9 35
Lv Magnolia				8 55	10 59
Lv Goldsboro		5 00		10 10	11 56
	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Leave Wilson	1 42	5 41	12 15	11 20	12 43
Ar Rocky Mt.	2 33	6 17	12 53	11 57	1 20
Ar Tarboro		6 45			
Leave Tarboro	12 12				
Lv Rocky Mt.	2 33		12 53		
Arrive Weldon	3 39		1 44		
	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	

†Daily except Monday. ‡Daily except Sunday.

Train on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Weldon 4:10 P M, Halifax 4:28 P M, arrives Scotland Neck at 5:20 P M, Greenville 6:57 P M, Kinston 7:55 P M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:50 A M., Greenville 8:52 A M. Arriving Halifax at 11:18 A M, Weldon 11.33 A M, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:20 A. M., and 3:30 P. M., arrive Parmele 9:10 A. M., and 5.10 P. M., returning leave Parmele 9:35 A M. and 6:30 P. M., arrive Washington 11:00 A. M., and 7:20 P. M. Daily.

Train leaves Tarboro, N C, daily except Sunday at 5:30 P M, Sunday, 4:05 P M, arrives Plymouth 7:40 P M, 6:00 P M; Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7:50 A M. and Sundays 9:00 A M, arrives Tarboro 10:05 A M., 11:00 A M.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro daily except Sunday, 7:10 A M, arriving Smith field 8:30 A M. Returning, leaves Smith field 9:00 A. M; arrive Goldsboro 10:25 A M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4:30 P M, arrives Nashville 5:5 P M. Spring Hope 5:30 P M. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8:0 A M, Nashville 8:35 A M, arrives Rocky Mount 9:05 A M, daily, except Sunday.

Train on Clinton branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, Daily, except Sunday, at 11:15 A M. and 4:10 P M. Returning leaves Clinton at 7:00 A. M., and 3:00 P M.

Train No. 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points north daily, all rail via Richmond. Also at Rocky Mount with Norfolk and Carolina railroad for Norfolk and all points North via Norfolk.

H. M. EMMERSON, Gen'l Pass Agent,

J. R KENLEY, Gen'l Manager. T. M EMMERSON, Traffic Manager

NORTH CAROLINA—CUMBERLAND COUNTY
In the Superior Court.

Emma L. Arey vs. Rachel Ann Whitfield *et al.* } Notice.

The defendants above named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior Court of Cumberland County to recover possession of certain lands situate in the City of Fayetteville, known as Arey property, and the said defendants will further take notice that they are required to appear at the next term of the Superior Court of the said County to be held on the tenth Monday after the first Monday in September, 1897, at the Court House in the said County, in Fayetteville, N. C., and answer or demur to the complaint in said action, or plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in her complaint.

CYRUS MTRPHY, C. S. C.

This 16th day of September, 1897.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria

HUB'S BIGGEST MERCHANT.

Charles E. Osgood Recommends Paine's Celery Compound.

Charles E. Osgood, of Boston, the owner of the largest and most successful furniture business in New England, if not in the country, was one of the few large buyers among furniture dealers during the hard times of last year, who did a great business, always paying cash, moving on as if times were good, while rival concerns were going to pieces right and left all about. His credit from Mishigan to Maine became so conspicuously "solid" that he was one of the most talked of young men in commercial circles.

With limited means, but well bred, full of character, straightforward, and well-educated, he started in business only a few years ago in a very moderate way in a little store on Tremont street in Boston. The city began to know him quickly. His business rapidly assumed big proportions. A newspaper one day interviewed him in the column of "Men Worth Knowing."

"To what do you attribute your success?" asked the interviewer.

Mr. Osgood replied very shortly: "When in doubt, buy the best goods."

He is known everywhere today by that expression.

Work told on Mr. Ogsgood's health. With characteristic judgment he put his reliance upon nature's best remedy to make him well again. The best of medical treatment was at his disposal; there certainly was no physician that a man in his position could not employ. He got the right advice, and followed it. Today he is perfectly well, good-tempered, agressive and energetic to the last degree.

In a letter to the proprietors of Paine's celery compound, written Sept. 22, 1897, Mr. Osgood said:

"I have derived great benefit from the use of Paine's celery compound, and can unhesitatingly recommend it for building up the system when "run down" and tired with worry or work. I first used this really great remedy on the recommendation of a friend whom it had cured of a fearful case of insomnia, and whose wife, I understand, was first relieved of a long troubling rheumatism by the same remedy."

Work is necessary to a healthy body and brain; but when it runs through the same grooves through the twelve months, year in and year out, the effect is as disastrous as a fire in a bundle of wood.

When the nervous system is fagged out none of the organs of the body do their duty; the purifying, excretory organs do not thoroughly cleanse the blood and the digestive and assimilative organs keep the nerves badly nourished.

The tired system needs help. Here is where Paine's celery compound accomplishes its wonderful work. The radical purifying of the blood and the rapid feeding of the nerves by this great remedy prevents the development of diseases that often lurk unrecognized in the system.

Every one who has taken Paine's celery compound has noticed and remarked to others its wonderful strengthening effect upon the entire nervous organization and its cleansing action on the vitiated blood. It cures the body of that nervous habit, eradicates headache, cures insomnia and wasting diseases, and quickly drives out the poisonous humors that cause the aches and pains of rheumatism and neuralgia. For building up the body against grave debility, poor appetite and the tired, listless feelings that accompany a low nervous tone, Paine's celery compound is beyond all question the surest, most responsible remedy any one can use.

An ailing habit, with frequent bodily pains over the seat of such vital organs as the heart, brain or kidneys is serious and urgent. The descent to fatal disease is easy, whenever the body becomes "run down." Build up the strength and resistance of the nervous and digestive systems with Paine's celery compound, get rid of unhealthy conditions of these organs, and get out of danger.

C. F. & Y. V. CAPE FEAR & YADKIN VALLEY RAILWAY.

JOHN GILL, Receiver.

Schedule in Effect October 9th, 1897

NOBTH BOUND.	No. 2 Daily
Leave Wilmington,	8 00 a m
Arrive Fayetteville,	11 10 "
Leave Fayetteville,	11 21 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction,	11 28 "
Leave Sanford,	12 50 p m
Leave Climax,	2 49 "
Arrive Greensboro	3 20 "
Leave Greensboro,	3 30 "
Leave Stokesdale,	4 18 "
Leave Walnut Cove	4 49 "
Leave Rural Hall,	5 19 "
Arrive Mt. Airy,	6 45 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1. Daily.
Leave Mt. Airy,	8 40 a m
Leave Rural Hall,	10 04 "
Leave Walnut Cove,	10 33 "
Leave Stokesdale,	11 06 "
Arrive Greensboro,	11 55 "
Leave Greensboro,	12 15 p m
Leave Climax	12 43 "
Leave Sanford,	2 36 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction,	3 56 "
Arrive Fayetteville,	4 00 "
Leave Fayetteville,	4 10 "
Arrive Wilmington	7 20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4 Daily.
Leave Bennettsville,	8 00 a m
Arrive Maxton,	9 02 "
Leave Maxton,	9 07 "
Leave Red Springs,	9 25 "
Leave Hope Mills,	10 20 "
Arrive Fayetteville,	10 40 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3. Daily.
Leave Fayetteville,	4 45 p m
Leave Hope Mills,	5 02 "
Leave Red Springs,	5 42 "
Arrive Maxton,	6 11 "
Leave Maxton,	6 15 "
Arrive Bennettsville,	7 15 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16. Mixed Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Ramseur,	6 40 a m
Leave Climax,	8 25 "
Arrive Greensboro,	9 17 "
Leave Greensboro,	9 35 "
Leave Stokesdale,	11 07 "
Arrive Madison,	11 55 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. Mixed. Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Madison,	12 37 p m
Leave Stokesdale,	1 25 "
Arrive Greensboro,	2 45 "
Leave Greensboro,	3 22 "
Leave Climax,	4